

Member of **Sumitomo** Drive Technologies

OPTIDRIVE (E³

AC Variable Speed Drive

IP66 (NEMA 4X)

0.37kW - 22kW / 0.5HP - 30HP110 – 480V Single and 3 Phase Input

Safety Warnings

General Information and Ratings

Mechanical Installation

Power & Control Wiring

Operation

Parameters

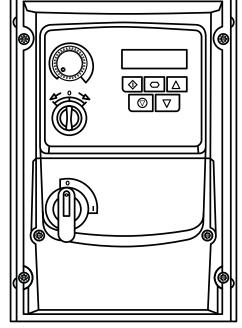
Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations

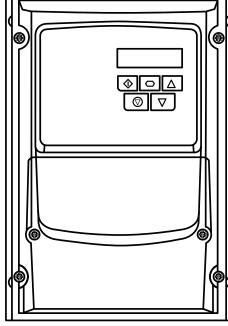
> Modbus RTU Communications

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Intended Audience

This User Manual is intended to be used in conjunction with the Quick Start User Guide included with the product, and is intended to provide additional information for more advanced product applications and usage. The reader should be familiar with the contents of the Quick Start User Guide, and in particular, should observe all safety warnings and installation guidelines contained therein.

Declaration of Conformity

Invertek Drives Ltd hereby states that the Optidrive ODE-3 product range conforms to the relevant safety provisions of the following council directives:

2014/30/EU (EMC) and 2014/35/EU (LVD)

Designed and manufacture is in accordance with the following harmonised European standards:

EN 61800-5-1: 2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. Safety requirements. Electrical, thermal and energy.
EN 61800-3: 2004 /A1 2012	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN 55011: 2007	Limits and Methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment (EMC)
EN60529: 1992	Specifications for degrees of protection provided by enclosures

Electromagnetic Compatibility

All Optidrives are designed with high standards of EMC in mind. All versions suitable for operation on Single Phase 230 volt and Three Phase 400 volt supplies and intended for use within the European Union are fitted with an internal EMC filter. This EMC filter is designed to reduce the conducted emissions back into the mains supply via the power cables for compliance with the above harmonised European standards.

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment or system into which the product is incorporated complies with the EMC legislation of the country of use, and the relevant category. Within the European Union, equipment into which this product is incorporated must comply with the EMC Directive 2004/108/EC. This User Guide provides guidance to ensure that the applicable standards may be achieved.

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2 Year Warranty

All Invertek Optidrive units carry a 2 year warranty against manufacturing defects from the date of manufacture. The manufacturer accepts no liability for any damage caused during or resulting from transport, receipt of delivery, installation or commissioning. The manufacturer also accepts no liability for damage or consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation, incorrect adjustment of the operating parameters of the drive, incorrect matching of the drive to the motor, incorrect installation, unacceptable dust, moisture, corrosive substances, excessive vibration or ambient temperatures outside of the design specification. The local distributor may offer different terms and conditions at their discretion, and in all cases concerning warranty, the local

This user guide is the "original instructions" document. All non-English versions are translations of the "original instructions".

The contents of this User Guide are believed to be correct at the time of printing. In the interest of a commitment to a policy of continuous improvement, the manufacturer reserves the right to change the specification of the product or its performance or the contents of the User Guide without notice.

This User Guide is for use with version 3.08 Firmware

User Guide Revision 1.22

distributor should be contacted first.

Invertek Drives Ltd adopts a policy of continuous improvement and whilst every effort has been made to provide accurate and up to date information, the information contained in this User Guide should be used for guidance purposes only and does not form the part of any contract.



When installing the drive on any power supply where the phase-ground voltage may exceed the phase-phase voltage (typically IT supply networks or Marine vessel's) it is essential that the internal EMC filter ground and surge protection varistor ground (where fitted) are disconnected. If in doubt, refer to your Sales Partner for further information.



This manual is intended as a guide for proper installation. Invertek Drives Ltd cannot assume responsibility for the compliance or the non-compliance to any code, national, local or otherwise, for the proper installation of this drive or associated equipment. A hazard of personal injury and/or equipment damage exists if codes are ignored during installation.



This Optidrive contains high voltage capacitors that take time to discharge after removal of the main supply. Before working on the drive, ensure isolation of the main supply from line inputs. Wait ten (10) minutes for the capacitors to discharge to safe voltage levels. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.



Only qualified electrical personnel familiar with the construction and operation of this equipment and the hazards involved should install, adjust, operate, or service this equipment. Read and understand this manual and other applicable manuals in their entirety before proceeding. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.

1. Safety Warnings

1.1. Important Safety Information

Please read the IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION below, and all Warning and Caution information elsewhere.



Danger: Indicates a risk of electric shock, which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the equipment and possible injury or death.

This variable speed drive product (Optidrive) is intended for professional incorporation into complete equipment or systems as part of a fixed installation. If installed incorrectly it may present a safety hazard. The Optidrive uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control mechanical plant that may cause injury. Close attention is required to system design and electrical installation to avoid hazards in either normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. Only qualified electricians are allowed to install and maintain this product.

System design, installation, commissioning and maintenance must be carried out only by personnel who have the necessary training and experience. They must carefully read this safety information and the instructions in this Guide and follow all information regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the Optidrive, including the specified environmental limitations.

Do not perform any flash test or voltage withstand test on the Optidrive. Any electrical measurements required should be carried out with the Optidrive disconnected.

Electric shock hazard! Disconnect and ISOLATE the Optidrive before attempting any work on it. High voltages are present at the terminals and within the drive for up to 10 minutes after disconnection of the electrical supply. Always ensure by using a suitable multimeter that no voltage is present on any drive power terminals prior to commencing any work.

Where supply to the drive is through a plug and socket connector, do not disconnect until 10 minutes have elapsed after turning off the supply.

Ensure correct earthing connections. The earth cable must be sufficient to carry the maximum supply fault current which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably rated fuses or MCB should be fitted in the mains supply to the drive, according to any local legislation or codes.

Ensure correct earthing connections and cable selection as per defined by local legislation or codes. The drive may have a leakage current of greater than 3.5mA; furthermore the earth cable must be sufficient to carry the maximum supply fault current which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably rated fuses or MCB should be fitted in the mains supply to the drive, according to any local legislation or codes.

Do not carry out any work on the drive control cables whilst power is applied to the drive or to the external control circuits.



Danger: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation other than electrical, which if not avoided, could result in damage to property.

Within the European Union, all machinery in which this product is used must comply with Directive 2006/42/EC, Safety of Machinery. In particular, the machine manufacturer is responsible for providing a main switch and ensuring the electrical equipment complies with EN60204-1.

The level of integrity offered by the Optidrive control input functions – for example stop/start, forward/reverse and maximum speed is not sufficient for use in safety-critical applications without independent channels of protection. All applications where malfunction could cause injury or loss of life must be subject to a risk assessment and further protection provided where needed.

The driven motor can start at power up if the enable input signal is present

The STOP function does not remove potentially lethal high voltages. ISOLATE the drive and wait 10 minutes before starting any work on it. Never carry out any work on the Drive, Motor or Motor cable whilst the input power is still applied.

The Optidrive can be programmed to operate the driven motor at speeds above or below the speed achieved when connecting the motor directly to the mains supply. Obtain confirmation from the manufacturers of the motor and the driven machine about suitability for operation over the intended speed range prior to machine start up.

Do not activate the automatic fault reset function on any systems whereby this may cause a potentially dangerous situation.

When mounting the drive, ensure that sufficient cooling is provided. Do not carry out drilling operations with the drive in place, dust and swarf from drilling may lead to damage.

The entry of conductive or flammable foreign bodies should be prevented. Flammable material should not be placed close to the drive

Relative humidity must be less than 95% (non-condensing).

Ensure that the supply voltage, frequency and no. of phases (1 or 3 phase) correspond to the rating of the Optidrive as delivered.

Never connect the mains power supply to the Output terminals U, V, W.

Do not install any type of automatic switchgear between the drive and the motor.

Wherever control cabling is close to power cabling, maintain a minimum separation of 100 mm and arrange crossings at 90 degrees. Ensure that all terminals are tightened to the appropriate torque setting.

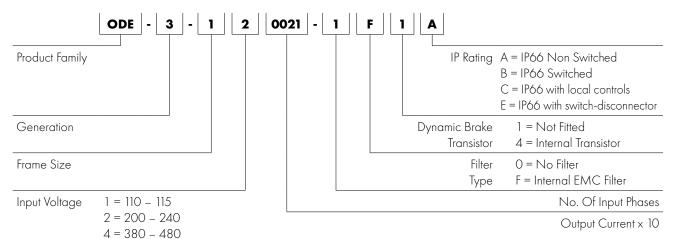
Do not attempt to carry out any repair of the Optidrive. In the case of suspected fault or malfunction, contact your local Invertek Drives Sales Partner for further assistance.

2. General Information and Ratings

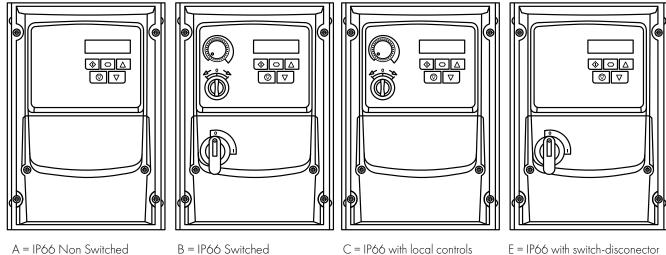
This chapter contains information about the Optidrive E3 including how to identify the drive.

2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number

Each drive can be identified by its model number, as shown in the table below. The model number is on the shipping label and the drive nameplate. The model number includes the drive and any options.



2.2. IP66 Drive Variants



B = IP66 Switched

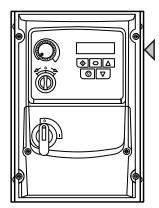
C = IP66 with local controls

E = IP66 with switch-disconector

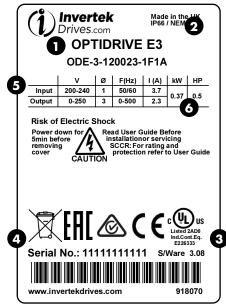
2.3. Understanding the Rating Label

The product rating label provides the following information

	Key
0	Model Code
2	Enclosure Type and IP Rating
3	Firmware Version
4	Serial Number
6	Technical Data – Supply Voltage
6	Technical Data – Maximum continuous output current



On right hand side when viewed from the front.



110) – 115V ± 10% - 1 Phase	Input – 3 Phas	se 230V Output (Vo	oltage Doubler)	
Model	Number	kW	НР	Output Current	Frame Siz
With Filter	Without Filter	KVV	nr	(A)	Frame Siz
N/A	ODE-3-110023-101#		0.5	2.3	1
N/A	ODE-3-110043-101#		1	4.3	1
N/A	ODE-3-210058-104#		1.5	5.8	2
	200 - 240V ± 10	0% - 1 Phase I	nput – 3 Phase Ou	put	
Model	Number	kW	НР	Output Current	Frame Siz
With Filter	Without Filter	RVV		(A)	Traine 312
ODE-3-120023-1F1#	ODE-3-120023-101#	0.37	0.5	2.3	1
ODE-3-120043-1F1#	ODE-3-120043-101#	0.75	1	4.3	1
ODE-3-120070-1F1#	ODE-3-120070-101#	1.5	2	7	1
ODE-3-220070-1F4#	ODE-3-220070-104#	1.5	2	7	2
ODE-3-220105-1F4#	ODE-3-220105-104#	2.2	3	10.5	2
ODE-3-320153-1F4#	ODE-3-320153-104#	4.0	5	15.3	3
	200 - 240V ± 10	0% - 3 Phase I	nput – 3 Phase Ou	tput	
	Number	kW	НР	Output Current	Frame Siz
With Filter	Without Filter	KVV		(A)	Traine 3.2
ODE-3-120023-3F1#	ODE-3-120023-301#	0.37	0.5	2.3	1
ODE-3-120043-3F1#	ODE-3-120043-301#	0.75	1	4.3	1
ODE-3-120070-3F1#	ODE-3-120070-301#	1.5	2	7	1
ODE-3-220070-3F4#	ODE-3-220070-304#	1.5	2	7	2
ODE-3-220105-3F4#	ODE-3-220105-304#	2.2	3	10.5	2
ODE-3-320180-3F4#	ODE-3-320180-304#	4.0	5	18	3
ODE-3-320240-3F4#	ODE-3-320240-304#	5.5	7.5	24	3
ODE-3-420300-3F4#	ODE-3-420300-304#	7.5	10	30	4
ODE-3-420460-3F4#	ODE-3-420460-304#	11	15	46	4
	380 - 480V ± 10	0% - 3 Phase I	nput – 3 Phase Ou	put	
Model	Number	kW	НР	Output Current	Frame Siz
With Filter	Without Filter	KVV	n.r	(A)	Fruine 312
ODE-3-140022-3F1#	ODE-3-140022-301#	0.75	1	2.2	1
ODE-3-140041-3F1#	ODE-3-140041-301#	1.5	2	4.1	1
ODE-3-240041-3F4#	ODE-3-240041-304#	1.5	2	4.1	2
ODE-3-240058-3F4#	ODE-3-240058-304#	2.2	3	5.8	2
ODE-3-240095-3F4#	ODE-3-240095-304#	4	5	9.5	2
ODE-3-340140-3F4#	ODE-3-340140-304#	5.5	7.5	14	3
ODE-3-340180-3F4#	ODE-3-340180-304#	7.5	10	18	3
ODE-3-340240-3F4#	ODE-3-340240-3042	11	15	24	3
DDE-3-440300-3F4#	ODE-3-440300-3042	15	20	30	4
ODE-3-440390-3F4#	ODE-3-440390-3042	18.5	25	39	4
DDE-3-440460-3F4#	ODE-3-440460-3042	22	30	46	4
	For IP66 replace the	'#' with:			
		IP66	FWD/REV	Pot	Disconnect
	Α	√	×	×	×
NOTE	В	✓	✓	✓	\checkmark
	С	✓	✓	✓	×
		,			,

×

×

3. Mechanical Installation

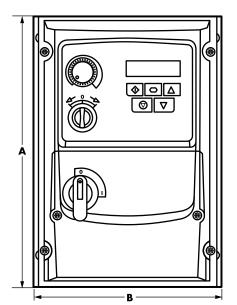
3.1. General

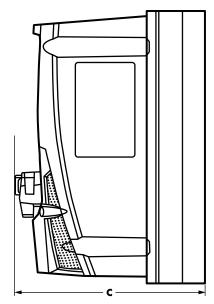
- The Optidrive should be mounted in a vertical position only, on a flat, flame resistant, vibration free mounting using the integral mounting holes.
- Do not mount flammable material close to the Optidrive.
- Ensure that the minimum cooling air gaps, as detailed in section 3.4. Guidelines for mounting (IP66 Units).
- Ensure that the ambient temperature range does not exceed the permissible limits for the Optidrive given in section 10.1. Environmental.

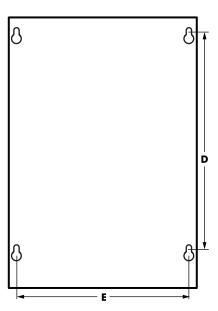
3.2. UL Compliant Installation

Refer to section 10.4. Additional Information for UL Compliance on page 52 for Additional Information for UL Compliance.

3.3. Mechanical Dimensions – IP66 (NEMA 4X) Enclosed Units







Drive Size		4	E	3		Ĉ	D)			We	ight
Drive Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	Ib
1	232.0	9.13	161.0	6.34	162.0	6.37	189.0	7.44	148.5	5.85	2.5	5.5
2	257.0	10.12	188.0	7.40	182.0	7.16	200.0	7.87	176.0	6.93	3.5	7.7
3	310.0	12.20	211.0	8.30	238.0	9.37	251.5	9.90	197.5	7.78	7.0	15.4
4	360.0	14.17	240.0	9.44	275.0	10.82	300.0	11.08	226.0	8.89	9.5	20.9

Mounting Bolts						
Frame Size						
All Frame Sizes	4 × M4 (#8)					

Tightening Torques							
Frame Size	Control Terminals	Power Terminals					
1, 2, 3	0.5 Nm (4.4 lb-in)	1.5 Nm (13 lb-in)					
4	0.5 Nm (4.4 lb-in)	4.1 Nm (36.5 lb-in)					

3.4. Guidelines for mounting (IP66 Units)

- Before mounting the drive, ensure that the chosen location meets the environmental condition requirements for the drive shown in section 10.1. Environmental.
- The drive must be mounted vertically, on a suitable flat
- The minimum mounting clearances as shown in the table below must be observed.
- The mounting site and chosen mountings should be sufficient to support the weight of the drives.
- Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown above, mark the locations required for drilling.
- Suitable cable glands to maintain the ingress protection of the drive are required. Gland holes for power and motor cables are pre-moulded into the drive enclosure, recommended gland sizes are shown below. Gland holes for control cables may be cut as required.
- The mounting location should be free from vibration.
- Do not mount the drive in any area with excessive humidity, corrosive airborne chemicals or potentially dangerous dust particles.

 $\langle | Y | \rangle$

X

- Avoid mounting close to high heat sources.
- The drive must not be mounted in direct sunlight. If necessary, install a suitable shade cover.
- The mounting location must be free from frost.
- Do not restrict the flow of air through the drive heatsink. The drive generates heat which must be naturally allowed to dissipate. Correct air clearance around the drive must be observed.
- If the location is subject to wide ambient temperature and air pressure variation, install a suitable pressure compensation valve in the drive gland plate.

NOTE If the drive has been in storage for a period longer than 2 years, the DC link capacitors must be reformed.

Duite Cine	X Above	& Below	Y Either Side		
Drive Size	mm	in	mm	in	
1	200	7.87	10	0.39	
2	200	7.87	10	0.39	
3	200	7.87	10	0.39	
4	200	7.87	10	0.39	

NOTE

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained within the limits shown in section 10.1. Environmental at all times.

3.5. Gland Plate and Lock Off

The use of a suitable gland system is required to maintain the appropriate IP / NEMA rating. The gland plate has pre moulded cable entry holes for power and motor connections suitable for use with glands as shown in the following table. Where additional holes are required, these can be drilled to suitable size. Please take care when drilling to avoid leaving any particles within the product.

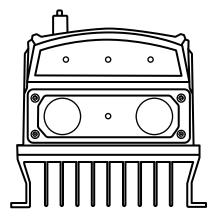
Recommended cable gland types and hole sizes

	Power & Motor Cables					
Drive Size	Hole Size	Recommended PG Gland	Alternative Metric gland			
Size 1	22	PG16	M20			
Size 2 & 3	27	PG21	M25			
Size 4	37	PG29	-			

- UL rated ingress protection ("Type") is only met when cables are installed using a UL recognized bushing or fitting for a flexible-conduit system which meets the required level of protection ("Type").
- For conduit installations the conduit entry holes require standard opening to the required sizes specified per the NEC.
- Not intended for installation using rigid conduit system.

IP66 / NEMA 4X Gland Plate

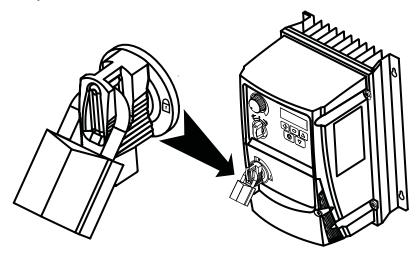
X



Mains switch-disconnector Lock Off

On the switched models the mains switch-disconnector can be locked in the 'Off' position using a 20mm standard shackle padlock (not supplied).

IP66 / NEMA 4X Unit Lock Off

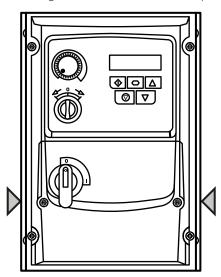


3.6. Removing the Terminal Cover

To access the connection terminals, the drive front cover needs to be removed as shown.

IP66 / NEMA 4X Units

Removing the screws on the front of the product allows access to the connection terminals, as shown below.



3.7. Routine Maintenance

The drive should be included within the scheduled maintenance program so that the installation maintains a suitable operating environment, this should include:

- Ambient temperature is at or below that set out in section 10.1. Environmental.
- Heat sink fans (where fitted) freely rotating and dust free.
- The Enclosure in which the drive is installed should be free from dust and condensation; furthermore ventilation fans and air filters should be checked for correct air flow.

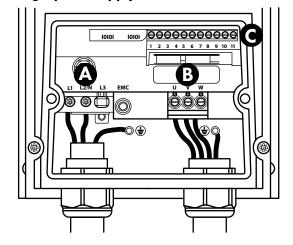
Checks should also be made on all electrical connections, ensuring screw terminals are correctly torqued; and that power cables have no signs of heat damage.

4. Power & Control Wiring

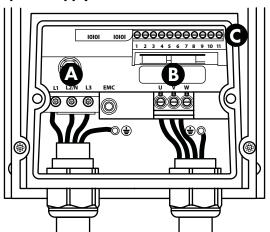
4.1. Connection Locations

4.1.1. Connection locations - Frame size 1

Single phase supply

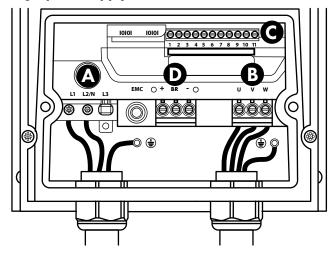


3 phase supply

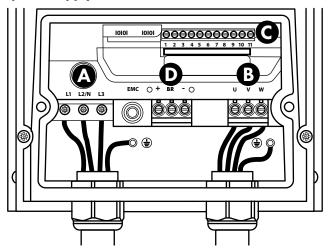


4.1.2. Connection locations - Frame sizes 2, 3 and 4

Single phase supply



3 phase supply

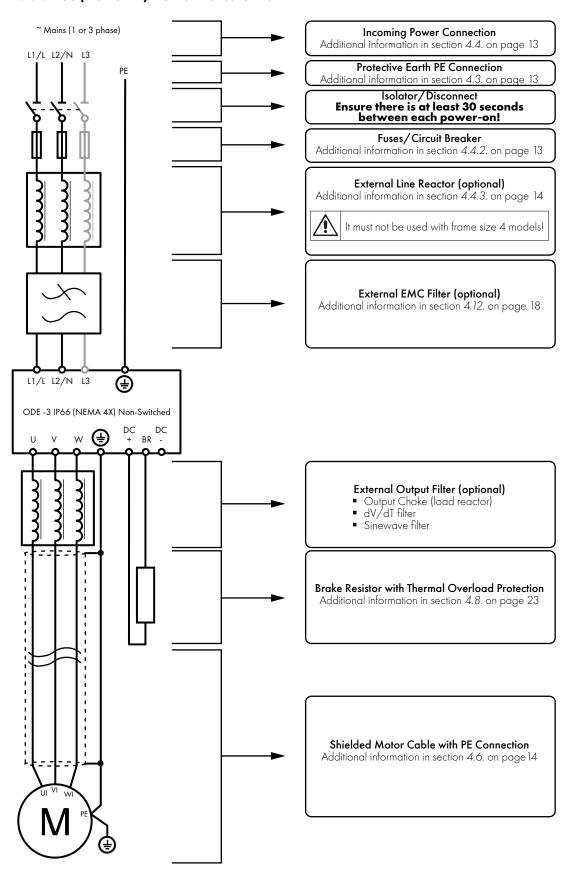


- **A** Incoming Power Connections see section 4.4. Incoming Power Connection for more information
- **B** Motor Connections see section 4.5. Motor Connection for more information
- C Control Terminal Connections see section 4.10. Control Terminal Connections for more information
- **D** Brake Resistor see section 4.13. Optional Brake Resistor for more information

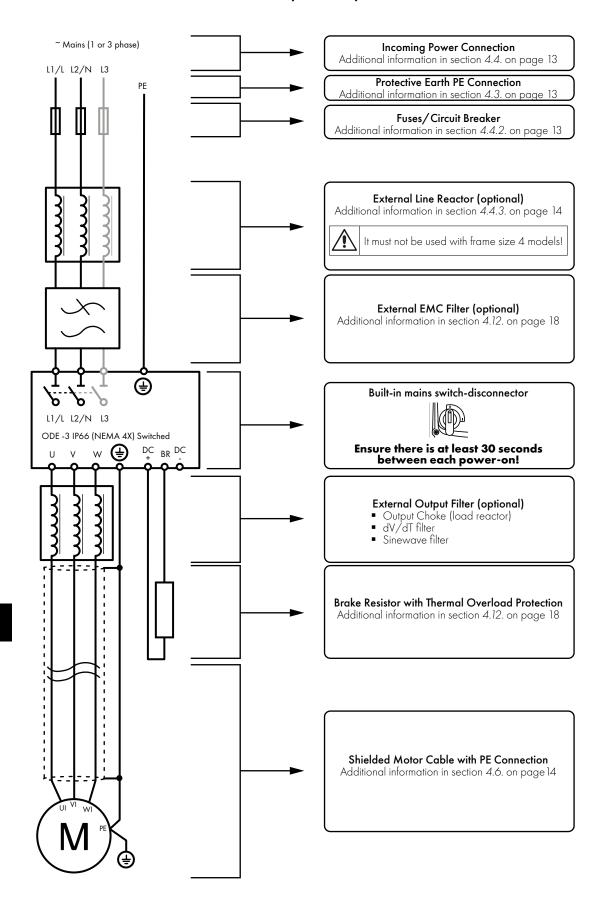
4.2. Connection Diagram

All power terminal locations are marked directly on the product. DC+/BR/DC- terminals are not available on Size 1 models.

4.2.1. IP66 (Nema 4X) Non-Switched Units



4.2.2. Electrical Power Connections - IP66 (NEMA 4X) Switched Models



4.3. Protective Earth (PE) Connection

Grounding Guidelines

The ground terminal of each Optidrive should be individually connected DIRECTLY to the site ground bus bar (through the filter if installed). Optidrive ground connections should not loop from one drive to another, or to, or from any other equipment. Ground loop impedance must confirm to local industrial safety regulations. To meet UL regulations, UL approved ring crimp terminals should be used for all ground wiring connections.

The drive Safety Ground must be connected to system ground. Ground impedance must conform to the requirements of national and local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes. The integrity of all ground connections should be checked periodically.

Protective Earth Conductor

The Cross sectional area of the PE Conductor must be at least equal to that of the incoming supply conductor.

This is the safety ground for the drive that is required by code. One of these points must be connected to adjacent building steel (girder, joist), a floor ground rod, or bus bar. Grounding points must comply with national and local industrial safety regulations and or electrical codes.

Motor Ground

The motor ground must be connected to one of the ground terminals on the drive.

Ground Fault Monitoring

As with all inverters, a leakage current to earth can exist. The Optidrive is designed to produce the minimum possible leakage current whilst complying with worldwide standards. The level of current is affected by motor cable length and type, the effective switching frequency, the earth connections used and the type of RFI filter installed. If an ELCB (Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker) is to be used, the following conditions apply:

- A Type B Device must be used.
- The device must be suitable for protecting equipment with a DC component in the leakage current.
- Individual ELCBs should be used for each Optidrive.

Shield Termination (Cable Screen)

The safety ground terminal provides a grounding point for the motor cable shield. The motor cable shield connected to this terminal (drive end) should also be connected to the motor frame (motor end). Use a shield terminating or EMI clamp to connect the shield to the safety ground terminal.

4.4. Incoming Power Connection

4.4.1. Cable Selection

- For 1 phase supply, the mains power cables should be connected to L1/L, L2/N.
- For 3 phase supplies, the mains power cables should be connected to L1, L2, and L3. Phase sequence is not important.
- For compliance with CE EMC requirements, refer to section 4.12. EMC Compliant Installation on page 18.
- A fixed installation is required according to IEC61800-5-1 with a suitable disconnecting device installed between the Optidrive and the AC Power Source. The disconnecting device must conform to the local safety code / regulations (e.g. within Europe, EN60204-1, Safety of machinery).
- The cables should be dimensioned according to any local codes or regulations. Maximum dimensions are given in section 10.2. Rating Tables.

4.4.2. Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection

- Suitable fuses to provide wiring protection of the input power cable should be installed in the incoming supply line, according to the data in section 10.2. Rating Tables. The fuses must comply with any local codes or regulations in place. In general, type gG (IEC 60269) or UL type J fuses are suitable; however in some cases type aR fuses may be required. The operating time of the fuses must be below 0.5 seconds.
- Where allowed by local regulations, suitably dimensioned type B MCB circuit breakers of equivalent rating may be utilised in place of fuses, providing that the clearing capacity is sufficient for the installation.
- The maximum permissible short circuit current at the Optidrive Power terminals as defined in IEC60439-1 is 100kA.

4.4.3. Optional Input Choke

- Do not use input choke with size 4 models!
- An optional Input Choke is recommended to be installed in the supply line for drives frame size 1, 2 and 3 where any of the following conditions occur:
 - o The incoming supply impedance is low or the fault level / short circuit current is high.
 - o The supply is prone to dips or brown outs.
 - o An imbalance exists on the supply (3 phase drives).
 - o The power supply to the drive is via a busbar and brush gear system (typically overhead Cranes).
- In all other installations, an input choke is recommended to ensure protection of the drive against power supply faults. Part numbers are shown in the table.

Supply	Frame Size	AC Input Inductor
230 Volt	1	OPT-2-L 1016-66
1 Phase	2	OPT-2-L1025-66
	1	OPT-2-L3006-66
400 Volt 3 Phase	2	OPT-2-L3010-66
3 i liuse	3	OPT-2-L3018-66

4.5. Motor Connection

- The drive inherently produces fast switching of the output voltage (PWM) to the motor compared to the mains supply. For motors which have been wound for operation with a variable speed drive additional measures are not required; however if the quality of insulation is unknown the motor manufacturer should be consulted and preventative measures may be required.
- The motor should be connected to the Optidrive U, V, and W terminals using a suitable 3 or 4 core cable. Where a 3 core cable is utilised, with the shield operating as an earth conductor, the shield must have a cross sectional area at least equal to the phase conductors when they are made from the same material. Where a 4 core cable is utilised, the earth conductor must be of at least equal cross sectional area and manufactured from the same material as the phase conductors.
- The motor earth must be connected to one of the Optidrive earth terminals.
- Maximum permitted motor cable length for all models: 100 metres shielded, 150 metres unshielded.
- Where multiple motors are connected to a single drive using parallel cables, an output choke must be installed.

4.6. Motor Terminal Box Connections

Do not install any mechanical or electro-mechanical switching devices between the drive and motor. Where a local isolator is installed close to the motor, this should be interlocked with the drive control circuit to ensure the drive is disabled when the motor is isolated. Most general purpose motors are wound for operation on dual voltage supplies. This is indicated on the nameplate of the motor. This operational voltage is normally selected when installing the motor by selecting either STAR or DELTA connection. STAR always gives the higher of the two voltage ratings.

Incoming Supply Voltage	Motor Nameplate Voltages		Connection	
230	230 / 400	Delta		
400	400 / 690	Δ	U V W	
400	230 / 400	Star J		

4.7. Control Terminal Wiring

- All analog signal cables should be suitably shielded. Twisted pair cables are recommended.
- Power and Control Signal cables should be routed separately where possible, and must not be routed parallel to each other.
- Signal levels of different voltages e.g. 24 Volt DC and 110 Volt AC, should not be routed in the same cable.
- Maximum control terminal tightening torque is 0.5Nm.
- Control Cable entry conductor size: 0.05 2.5mm2 / 30 12 AWG.

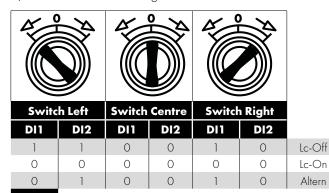
4.8. Using the REV/O/FWD Selector Switch (Versions With Local Controls Only)

By adjusting the parameter settings the Optidrive can be configured for multiple applications and not just for Forward or Reverse. This could typically be for Hand/Off/Auto applications (also known and Local/Remote) for HVAC and pumping industries. The integrated switch operates in parallel with drive terminal 2 (T2) and terminal 3 (T3) as digital input 1 and digital input 2. By default, the integrated switch is enabled.

4.8.1. Disabling built-in control switches

If required, the built-in control switch may be disabled using the following method:

- 1) Ensure the drive is stopped (Display shows "Stop").
- 2) Enable Advanced Parameter Access by setting the correct value in P-14 (default: 201).
- 3) Scroll down to parameter P-00 (Display shows P-00).
- 4) Press and hold "STOP" button for >1s, drive will show "Lc-OFF" or "Lc-On" or "Altern" message.
- 5) Use "UP" or "DOWN" key to select the option:
 - o "Lc-OFF" means integrated switches are enabled.
 - o "Lc-On" means the switches are locked/disabled.
 - "Altern" means that Revers direction is disabled via built-in switch (can be unlocked via external enable signal connected to D11 - terminal 2).
- 6) Press the "STOP" button again to exit.



NOTE The table below applies to default setting Lc-Off



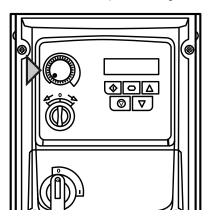
	Switch Position Paramete to Set			Notes	
Switch Left	Switch Centre	Switch Right	P-12	P-15	
Run Reverse	STOP	Run Forward	0	0	Factory Default Configuration Run Forward or Reverse with speed controlled from the Local POT
STOP	STOP	Run Forward	0	5,7	Run forward with speed controlled form the local POT Run Reverse – Disabled
Preset Speed 1	STOP	Run Forward	0	1	Run Forward with speed controlled from the Local POT Preset Speed 1 provides a 'Jog' Speed set in P-20
Run Reverse	STOP	Run Forward	0	6, 8	Run Forward or Reverse with speed controlled from the Local POT
Run in Auto	STOP	Run in Hand	0	4	Run in Hand – Speed controlled from the Local POT Run in Auto – Speed controlled using Analog input 2 e.g. from PLC with 4-20mA signal.
Run in Speed Control	STOP	Run in Pl Control	5	1	In Speed Control the speed is controlled from the Local POT In PI Control, Local POT controls PI set point
Run in Preset Speed Control	STOP	Run in Pl Control	5	0, 2, 4, 5, 812	In Preset Speed Control, P-20 sets the Preset Speed In PI Control, POT can control the PI set point (P-44=1)
Run in Hand	STOP	Run in Auto	3	6	Hand – Speed controlled from the Local POT Auto – Speed Reference from Modbus
Run in Hand	STOP	Run in Auto	3	3	Hand – Speed reference from Preset Speed 1 (P-20) Auto – Speed Reference from Modbus
NATE	1				

To be able to adjust parameter P-15, extended menu access must be set in P-14 (default value is 101)

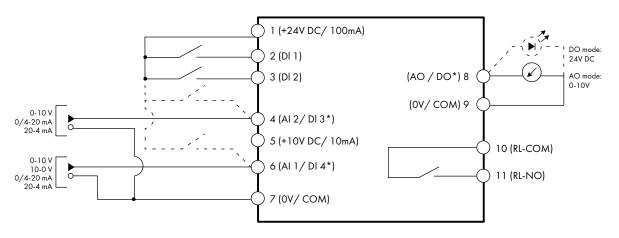
4.9. Using the Internal Pot (Local Control Versions Only)

On switched drives, the built-in pot (indicated) may be used to directly control the signal level applied to analog input 1, and therefore the output frequency (motor speed).

To select the built-in pot as the signal source for analog input 1, set P-16 = 8 In-pot.



4.10. Control Terminal Connections



NOTE

^{*} Dashed lines shows connection for analog inputs and output in digital mode

		V.	Default	Function	Con	D
		Key	Open	Closed	Sec.	Page
1	+24V DC 24 Volt DC Output On-board +24V DC Supply (100mA)					
2	DI 1	Digital Input 1 (Run Enable)	STOP	run		
3	DI 2	Digital Input 2	FORWARD	REVERSE		
4	Al 2 / Dl 3	Analog Input 2 / Digital Input 3	All Reference	Preset Speed 1 (P-20)		
5	+10V DC	+10Volt DC Output	On-board + 10V [DC Supply (10 mA)		
6	Al 1 / Dl 4	Analog Input 1 / Digital Input 4	Speed Refere	ence 1 (0-10V)		
7	OV / COM	0 Volt Common	OV Common for	AI/AO/DI/DO		
8	AO	Analog Output	Motor Spe	eed (0-10V)		
9	OV / COM	0 Volt Common	OV Common for			
10	RL-COM	Relay Output Common	Daine Family	Daine Headal		
11	RL-NO	Relay Output NO Contact	Drive Faulty	Drive Healthy		

Digital Inputs: Logic High = 8-30V DC (30V DC max)

Analog Output: 0 - 10 Volt (20mA max)

Relay Output: 6A/250V AC, 5A/30V DC (resistive load)

4.10.1. Analog Output

The analog output function may be configured using parameter P-25, which is described in section 6.2. Parameter List on page 23. The output has two operating modes, dependent on the parameter selection:

- Analog Mode
 - o The output is a 0-10 volt DC signal, 20mA max load current.
- Digital Mode
 - o The output is 24 volt DC, 20mA max load current.

4.10.2. Relay Output

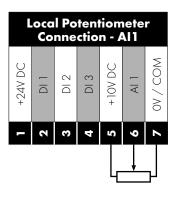
The relay output function may be configured using parameter P-18, which is described in section 6.2. Parameter List on page 23.

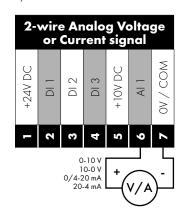
4.10.3. Analog Inputs

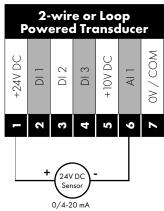
Two analog inputs are available, which may also be used as Digital Inputs if required. The signal formats are selected by parameters as follows:

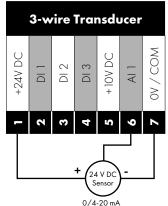
- Analog Input 1 Format Selection Parameter P-16.
- Analog Input 2 Format Selection Parameter P-47.

These parameters are described more fully in section 6.2. Parameter List on page 23.









The function of the analog input, e.g. for speed reference or PID feedback for example is defined by parameters P-15. The function of these parameters and available options is described in section 7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations on page 40.

4.10.4. Digital Inputs

Up to four digital inputs are available. The function of the inputs is defined by parameters P-12 and P-15, which are explained in section 7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations on page 40.

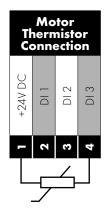
4.11. Motor Thermal Overload Protection

4.11.1. Internal Thermal Overload Protection

The drive has an built-in motor thermal overload function; this is in the form of an "I.t-trP" trip after delivering > 100% of the value set in P-08 for a sustained period of time (e.g. 150% for 60 seconds).

4.11.2. Motor Thermistor Connection

Where a motor thermistor is to be used, it should be connected as follows:



Additional Information Compatible Thermistor: PTC Type, $2.5k\Omega$ trip level. Use a setting of P-15 that has Input 3 function as External Trip, e.g. P-15 = 3. Refer to section 7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations on page 40 for further details. ■ Set P-47 = "Ptc-th"

Refer to section 7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations for further information regarding configuration of the input functions.

4.12. EMC Compliant Installation

Category	Supply Cable Type	Motor Cable Type	Control Cables	Maximum Permissible Motor Cable Length
C16	Shielded ¹	Shielded ^{1,5}	Shielded ⁴	1M / 5M ⁷
C2	Shielded ²	Shielded ^{1, 5}		5M / 25M ⁷
C3	Unshielded ³	Shielded ²		25M / 100M ⁷

- A screened (shielded) cable suitable for fixed installation with the relevant mains voltage in use. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.
- A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage with a concentric protection wire. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.
- A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage. A shielded type cable is not necessary.
- A shielded cable with low impedance shield. Twisted pair cable is recommended for analog signals.
- The cable screen should be terminated at the motor end using an EMC type gland allowing connection to the motor body through the largest possible surface area. Where drives are mounted in a steel control panel enclosure, the cable screen may be terminated directly to the control panel using a suitable EMC clamp or gland, as close to the drive as possible. For IP66 drives, connect the motor cable screen to the internal ground clamp.
- ⁶ Compliance with category C1 conducted emissions only is achieved. For compliance with category C1 radiated emissions, additional measures may be required, contact your Sales Partner for further assistance. Frame size 3 single phase 30V input is not C1 compliant..
- Permissible cable length with additional external EMC filter.

4.13. Optional Brake Resistor

Optidrive E3 Frame Size 2 and above units have a built-in Brake Transistor. This allows an external resistor to be connected to the drive to provide improved braking torque in applications that require this.

The brake resistor should be connected to the "+" and "BR" terminals as shown in the diagrams in sections 4.2. Connection Diagram.



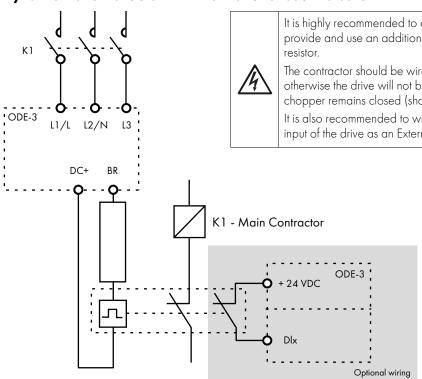
The voltage level at these terminals may exceed 800VDC.

Stored charge may be present after disconnecting the mains power.

Allow a minimum of 10 minutes discharge after power off before attempting any connection to these terminals.

Suitable resistors and guidance on selection can be obtained from your Invertek Sales Partner. The brake transistor is enabled here by setting P-34 > 0. See section 6. Parameters for more information.

Dynamic Brake Transistor with Thermal Overload Protection

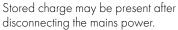


It is highly recommended to equip the drive with a main contactor and provide and use an additional thermal overload protection for braking

The contractor should be wired so that it opens in case the resistor overheats, otherwise the drive will not be able to interrupt the main supply if the brake chopper remains closed (short-circuited) in a faulty situation.

It is also recommended to wire the thermal overload protection to a digital input of the drive as an External Trip.

> The voltage level at these terminals may exceed 800VDC.



Allow a minimum of 10 minutes discharge after power off before attempting any connection to these terminals.

Thermal Overload / Brake Resistor with internal Over Temperature switch

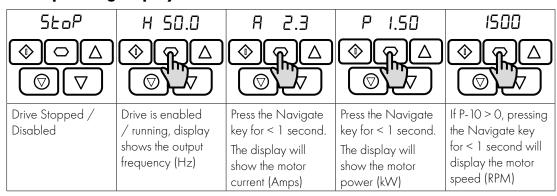
5. Operation

5.1. Managing the Keypad

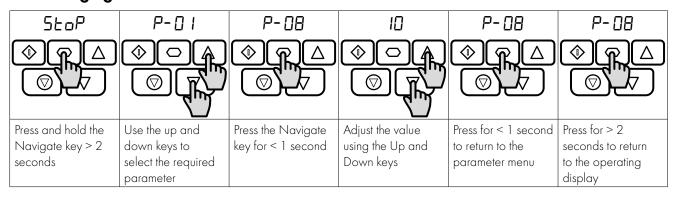
The drive is configured and its operation monitored via the keypad and display.

NAVIGATE	Used to display real-time information, to access and exit parameter edit mode and to store parameter changes.	
UP	Used to increase speed in real-time mode or to increase parameter values in parameter edit mode.	
DOWN	Used to decrease speed in real-time mode or to decrease parameter values in parameter edit mode.	
RESET / STOP	Used to reset a tripped drive. When in Keypad mode is used to Stop a running drive.	
START	When in keypad mode, used to Start a stopped drive or to reverse the direction of rotation if bi-directional keypad mode is enabled.	

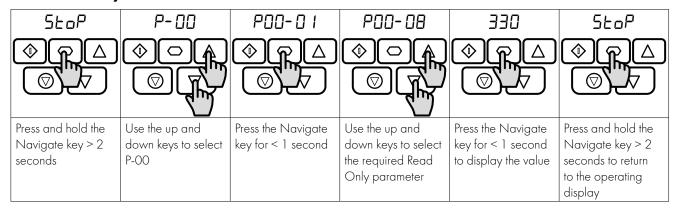
5.2. Operating Displays



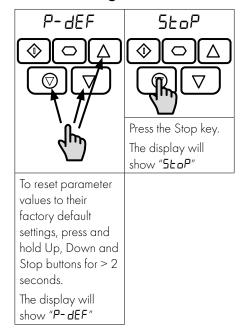
5.3. Changing Parameters



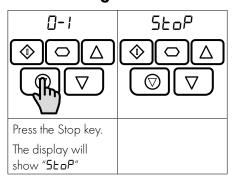
5.4. Read Only Parameter Access



5.5. Resetting Parameters



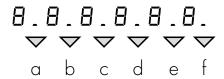
5.6. Resetting a Fault



5.7. LED Display

Optidrive E3 has a built-in 6 Digit 7 Segment LED Display. In order to display certain warnings, the following methods are used:

5.7.1 LED Display Layout



5.7.2 LED Display Meanings

LED Segments Behaviour		Meaning
a, b, c, d, e, f	Flashing all together	Overload, motor output current exceeds P-08
a and f	Flashing alternately	Mains Loss (Incoming AC power has been removed)
а	Flashing	Fire Mode Active

6. Parameters

6.1. Standard Parameters

The parameter set is arranged in Groups according to the following structure:

Parameter Group	Range	Access Level	Access Type
POO	P00-01 to P00-20	Extended	Read Only
	P00-21 to P00-50	Advanced	Read Only
Basic Parameters	P-01 to P-14	Basic	Read / Write
Extended Parameters	P-15 to P-50	Extended	Read / Write
Advanced Parameters	P-51 to P-60	Advanced	Read / Write

Access to all parameter groups is controlled by setting P-14 as follows:

P-14 = P-37 (Factory setting: 101) Allows Extended Parameter Access

P-14 = P-37 + 100 (Factory Setting: 201) Allows Advanced Parameter Access

In order to prevent possible damage to the drive and connected machinery, certain parameters are locked during operation of the drive to prevent change. In the case that the drive is enabled, and the user tries to change the parameter, an "L" is shown on the left of the display.

6.2. Parameter List

6.2.1. Standard Parameters

Par.	Function	Page No.
P-01	Maximum Frequency / Speed Limit	26
P-02	Minimum Frequency / Speed Limit	26
P-03	Acceleration Ramp Time	26
P-04	Deceleration Ramp Time	26
P-05	Stop Mode / Mains Loss Control	27
P-06	Energy Optimiser	27
P-07	Motor Rated Voltage / kE (PM / BLDC)	25
P-08	Motor Rated Current	25
P-09	Motor Rated Frequency	25
P-10	Motor Rated Speed	25
P-11	Low Frequency Torque Boost	25
P-12	Primary Command Source	28
P-13	Application Mode	27
P-14	Extended Menu Access code	30

6.2.2. Extended Parameters

Par.	Function	Page No.
P-15	Digital Input Function	30
P-16	Analog Input 1 Format	28
P-17	Effective Switching Frequency	28
P-18	Relay Output Function	29
P-19	Relay Threshold	29
P-20	Preset Frequency / Speed 1	30
P-21	Preset Frequency / Speed 2	30
P-22	Preset Frequency / Speed 3	30
P-23	Preset Frequency / Speed 4	30
P-24	Second Ramp Time	27

Par.	Function	Page No.
P-25	Analog Output Function	29
P-26	Skip Frequency Band Width	32
P-27	Skip Frequency Center Point	32
P-28	V/F Adjustment Voltage	32
P-29	V/F Adjustment Frequency	32
P-30	Start/Restart / Fire Mode Config	31
P-31	Keypad Start Mode	31
P-32	Index 1: DC Injection Duration	32
	Index 2: DC Injection Braking Mode	32
P-33	Spin Start Enable	33
P-34	Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1)	33
P-35	Analog Input 1/Slave Speed Scaling	29
P-36	Communication Configuration	34
P-37	Extended Menu Access Code	30
P-38	Parameter Lock	30
P-39	Analog Input 1 Offset	29
P-40	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor	33
	Index 2: Display Scaling Source	33
P-41	PI Proportional Gain	33
P-42	PI Integral Time	33
P-43	PI Operating Mode	33
P-44	PI Reference (Setpoint) Source	33
P-45	PI Digital Reference	33
P-46	PI Feedback Source	34
P-47	Analog Input 2 Signal Format	28
P-48	Standby Mode Timer	34
P-49	PI Error Wake Up Level	34
P-50	Relay Output Hysteresis	29

6.2.3. Advanced Parameters

Par.	Function	Page No.
P-51	Motor Control Mode	35
P-52	Auto-tune Enable	35
P-53	Vector Speed Control P-gain	35
P-54	Maximum Current Limit	34
P-55	Motor Stator Resistance	35
P-56	Motor Stator Inductance (d)	35
P-57	Motor Stator Inductance (q)	35
P-58	DC Injection Frequency / Speed	32
P-59	DC Injection Current	32
P-60	Overload Management	36

6.3. Parameter Functions

The following sections highlight the parameters relevant to certain functions in the drive firmware. Parameters are grouped according to the function.

6.3.1. Basic Functions

Motor Nameplate Settings (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P-07	Motor Rated Voltage / kE	0	250 / 500	230 / 400	V			
	For Induction Motors, this parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate	e) voltage of the	motor (Volts).					
	For Permanent Magnet or Brushless DC Motors, it should be set to the Back EMF at rated speed.							
P-08	Motor Rated Current Drive Rating Dependent A							
	This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) current of the motor.							
P-09	Motor Rated Frequency 10 500 50 (60) Hz							
	This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) frequency of the motor.							

When commissioning the drive, it is necessary to enter certain information about the motor into the drive to ensure the drive is optimised to control the connected motor and additionally to prevent damage to the motor.

For standard induction motors, the parameters are listed below.

For alternative motor types, refer to the later relevant sections for each motor type.

Working in RPM (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-10	Motor Rated Speed	0	30000	0	RPM
	This parameter can optionally be set to the rated (nameplate) RPM of the parameters are displayed in Hz and the slip compensation (where motor load) for the motor is disabled. Entering the value from the motor namepladisplay will now show motor speed in RPM. All speed related parameters will also be displayed in RPM.	speed is maintain ate enables the s	ined at a constar lip compensatior	nt value regardle n function, and th	ess of applied ne Optidrive
	NOTE If P-09 value is changed, P-10 value is reset to 0.				

Optidrive E3 normally uses frequency for all speed related parameters, e.g. Minimum and Maximum Output Frequency. It is also possible to work directly in RPM, by setting the above parameter to the relevant rated speed from the connected motor nameplate.

When set to the default value of zero, all speed related parameters are displayed in Hz, and slip compensation for the motor is disabled. Entering the value from the motor nameplate enables the slip compensation function, and the Optidrive display will also now show motor speed in RPM. All speed related parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Speeds etc. will also be displayed in RPM.

NOTE If P-09 value is changed, P-10 value is reset to 0.

Low Frequency Torque Boost (relevant parameters)

Frame Size 4: 35 – 45% of motor rated current.

Par.	Descript	ion		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P-11	Low Frequency Torque Boost 0.0 Drive Dependent						%		
		Low frequency torque can be improved by increasing this parameter. Excessive boost levels may however result in high motor current and increased risk of tripping on Over Current or Motor Overload (refer to section 11.1. Fault Code Messages).							
	This param	neter opera	tes in conjunction with P-51 (Motor Control Mode)	as follows:					
P-51 P-11									
O Boost is automatically calculated according to autotune data.									
	>0 Voltage boost = P-11 x P-07. This voltage is applied at 0.0 Hz, and linearly reduced until P-09								
	1	All	Voltage boost = P-11 x P-07.This voltage is applied	d at 0.0Hz, and	linearly reduced	until P-09 / 2.			
	2, 3, 4	All	Boost current level = 4*P-11*P-08.						
For IM motors, when P-51 = 0 or 1, a suitable setting can usually be found by operating the motor under very low or no approximately 5Hz, and adjusting P-11 until the motor current is approximately the magnetising current (if known) or in the									
Frame Size 1:60 – 80% of motor rated current.									
	Frame Size	e 2: 50 – 6	00% of motor rated current.						
	Frame Size	e 3: 40 – 5	50% of motor rated current.						

Low Frequency Torque Boost is used to increase the applied motor voltage and hence current at low output frequencies. This can improve low speed and starting torque. Increasing the boost level will increase motor current at low speed, which may result in the motor temperature rising - force ventilation or additional cooling of the motor may then be required. In general, the lower the motor power, the higher the boost setting that may be safely used.

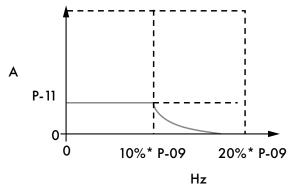
For IM motor types (P-51 = 0 or 1), the value entered determines the voltage applied to the motor at 0.0Hz relative to P-07 setting, e.g.

- P-07 = 400V
- P-11 = 2%
- Output voltage applied to the motor at $0.0Hz = 2\% \times 400V = 8V$.

This boost voltage is then linearly reduced up to 50% of the motor rated speed (P-09).

When operating with alternative motor types (P-51 = 2, 3 or 4) this parameter is used to set an additional boost current which is injected into the motor. The actual current level is defined as 4*P-11*P-08.

This additional current is injected between 0.0Hz and 10% of rated frequency. Above this point, the boost current is reduced according to the diagram below.



Speed Limits (relevant parameters)

These parameters define the range of output frequency and therefore the speed range through which the drive will operate. As described above:

- If P-10 = 0, Values are Hz
- If P-10 <> O, Values are RPM

Dependent on the speed reference selection, the operation will be as follows:

For Analog Speed Reference: Applying 0% analog signal results in the speed reference of P-02. Applying 100% signal results in the speed reference of P-O1. Scaling between these points is linear.

Scaling may be adjusted on Analog Input 1 only using the AI1 Scaling & Offset function shown on page 25.

The value used for the speed reference:

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-01	Maximum Frequency / Speed Limit	P-02	500.0	50.0 (60.0)	Hz / RPM
	Maximum output frequency or motor speed limit – Hz or RPM. If P-10 >0,	, the value entere	ed / displayed i	s in RPM.	
P-02	Minimum Frequency / Speed Limit	0.0	P-01	20.0	Hz / RPM
	Minimum speed limit – Hz or RPM. If P-10 >0, the value entered / displa	yed is in RPM.			

Acceleration and Deceleration (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-03	Acceleration Ramp Time	0.00	600.0	5.0	S
	Acceleration ramp time from zero Hz / RPM to base frequency (P-09) in	seconds.			
P-04	Deceleration Ramp Time	0.00	600.0	5.0	S
	Deceleration ramp time from base frequency (P-09) to standstill in seconds	. When set to 0.0	OO, the value of P	-24 is used.	

Second Deceleration Time

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P-24	Second Ramp Time (Fast Stop) 0.00 6000.0 0.0 s						
	This parameter allows an alternative deceleration ramp down time to be parameter allows an alternative deceleration ramp down time to be parameter allows an alternative deceleration ramp down time to be parameter allows an alternative deceleration ramp down time to be parameter allows an alternative deceleration ramp down time to be parameter allows an alternative deceleration ramp down time to be parameter allows an alternative deceleration ramp down time to be parameter allows an alternative deceleration ramp down time to be parameter allows an alternative deceleration ramp down time to be parameter allows an alternative deceleration ramp down time to be parameter allows an alternative deceleration ramp down time to be parameter allows an alternative deceleration ramp down time to be parameter allows an alternative deceleration ramp down time to be parameter allows an alternative deceleration ramp down time to be parameter allows and the parameter allows and the parameter allows are allowed allowed to be parameter allows and the parameter allows all the parameter allows and the parameter allows are allowed to be parameter allows and the parameter allows are allowed to be parameter allows and the parameter allows all the parameter allows allows all the parameter allows allows all the parameter allow						

Stopping Mode

Par.	Description		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-05	Stop Mode /	Mains Loss Control	0	-		
	Selects the stopp	ing mode of the drive, and the behaviour in response to a l	oss of mains pov	er supply during	operation.	
Setting On Disable On Mains Loss						
	0	Ramp to Stop (P-O4)	Ride Through (Recover energy from load to maintain operation)			
	1	Coast	Coast			
	2	Ramp to Stop (P-O4)	Fast Ramp to Stop (P-24), Coast if P-24 = 0			
	3	Ramp to Stop (P-O4) with AC Flux Braking	Fast Ramp to Stop (P-24), Coast if P-24 = 0			
	4	Ramp to Stop (P-O4)	No action			

Energy Optimisier

This parameter configures the energy saving functions of the drive as follows:

Motor Energy Optimisation: Reduces energy losses in the motor under part load conditions by reducing motor flux. This function should not be used in applications which have large sudden load step changes, or for PI control applications, as it may cause instability in the control or over current trip.

Drive Energy Optimiser: Reduces the energy losses in the drive at higher output frequencies by reducing switching losses. This may lead to vibration or instability in the motor under light load conditions.

Par.	Description			Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-06	6 Energy Optimiser				3	0	-
	Setting	Motor Energy Optimiser	Drive Energy	Optimiser			
	0	Disabled	Disabled				
	1	Enabled	Disabled				
	2	Disabled	Enabled				
	3	Enabled	Enabled				

Application Macros (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description				Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P-13	13 Application Mode 0 2 0 -									
	Provides a quick set up to configure key parameters according to the intended application of the drive. Parameters are preset according to the table.									
	O: Industrial Mode. Intended for general purpose applications.									
	1: Pump Mod	de. Intended for cen	trifugal pump applic	cations.						
	2: Fan Mode	• Intended for Fan ap	oplications.							
	Setting	Application	Current Limit (P-54)	Torque Chara	teristic	Spin Start (P-33)	Thermal Ove Reaction (P-			
	O General 150% Constant 0: Off 0: Trip									
	1	Pump	110%	Variable		0: Off	1: Current Limit	Reduction		
	2	Fan	110%	Variable		2. On	1. Current Limit	Reduction		

6.3.2 Control Modes

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units	
P-12	Primary Command Source	0	9	0	-	
	O: Terminal control. The drive responds directly to signals applied to	the control termi	nals.			
	1: Keypad control - uni-directional. The drive can be controlled in the forward direction only using the internal keypad, or an external remote Keypad.					
	2: Keypad control - bi-directional. The drive can be controlled in the external remote Keypad. Pressing the keypad START button toggles between			using the interna	l keypad, or an	
	3: Modbus RTU control with internal ramps active. Control via Accel / Decel ramps.	a Modbus RTU (RS485) using the	e internal		
	4: Modbus RTU control with internal ramps inactive. Control Accel / Decel ramps updated via Modbus.	via Modbus RTI	J (RS485) interfo	ice with		
	5: PI control. User PI control with external feedback signal.					
	6: PI control added to analog input 1. PI control with external fee	dback signal ar	nd summation wit	h analog input 1		
	7: CANopen control with internal ramps active. Control via Ca	AN (RS485) usir	ng the internal Ac	cel / Decel ram	nps.	
	8: CANopen control with internal ramps inactive. Control via via CAN.	Can (RS485) i	nterface with Aco	cel / Decel ram	ps updated	
	9: Slave mode. Control via a connected Invertek drive in Master Mod	le. Slave drive a	ıddress must be >	· 1.		
	NOTE When P-12 = 1, 2, 3, 4, 7 , 8 or 9, an enable signal must still be pro-	ovided at the co	ntrol terminals, di	gital input 1.		

6.3.3 Input and Output Functions

Analog Inputs - Format (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P-16	Analog Input 1 Format	See B	elow	In-pot	-			
	U D- ID = Uni-polar 0 to 10 Volt Signal. The drive will remain at minimum speed (P-02) if the analog reference after scaling and offset are applied is =<0.0%. 100% signal means the output frequency / speed will be the value set in P-01.							
	b D- 1D = Uni-polar 0 to 10 Volt Signal, bi-directional operation. The drive will operate the motor in the reverse direction of rotation if the analog reference after scaling and offset are applied is <0.0%. E.g. for bidirectional control from a 0 – 10 volt signal, set P-35 = 200.0%, P-39 = 50.0%.							
	A D-2D = 0 to 20mA Signal.							
	$E ext{ 4-20} = 4 ext{ to } 20 ext{mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault co}$	de 4-20F if the	signal level falls	below 3mA.				
	r 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will run at Preset Speed 1 (P-2	20 if the signal le	vel falls below 3	BmA.				
	E 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault co	de 4-20F if the	signal level falls	below 3mA.				
	r 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive will run at Preset Speed 1 (P-2	20 if the signal le	vel falls below 3	BmA.				
	U 1□-□ = 10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar). The drive will operate at Maximum Frequency / Speed if the analog reference after scaling and offset are applied is =<0.0%.							
	In-Pat = Integrated Potentiometer.							
P-17	Effective Switching Frequency	4	32	8	kHz			
	Sets maximum effective switching frequency of the drive. If "rEd" is displa been reduced to the level in P00-32 due to excessive drive heatsink temp		arameter is viewe	ed, the switching	frequency has			
P-47								
P-4/	Analog Input 2 Format	-	-	UO-10-	-			
P-4/	Analog Input 2 Format U D- ID = 0 to 10 Volt Signal.	-	-	U0-10-	-			
P-4/		-	-	U0-10-	-			
P-4/	U 🛭 - I🗓 = O to 10 Volt Signal.	-	- signal level falls		-			
P-4/	 ☐ ID = 0 to 10 Volt Signal. ☐ ID = 0 to 20mA Signal. 	- de 4-20F if the	-	below 3mA.	-			
P-4/	U D-1D = 0 to 10 Volt Signal. R D-2D = 0 to 20mA Signal. E Y-2D = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault co - Y-2D = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will run at Preset Speed 1 (P-2D)	- de 4-20F if the 20) if the signal l	evel falls below	below 3mA. 3mA.	•			
P-4/	U D- 1D = 0 to 10 Volt Signal. F D-2D = 0 to 20mA Signal. E 4-2D = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault co	de 4-20F if the 20) if the signal l de 4-20F if the	evel falls below signal level falls	below 3mA. 3mA. below 3mA.	-			

Analog Inputs - AI1 Scaling & Offset (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P-35	Analog Input 1/Slave Speed Scaling 0.0 2000.0 100.0 %						
		Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied by this factor, e.g. if P-16 is set for a 0 – 10V signal, and the scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running at maximum frequency / speed (P-01).					
	Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the operating speed of the drive will be the Master speed multiplied by this factor, limited by the minimum and maximum speeds.						
P-39	Analog Input 1 Offset	-500.0	500.0	0.0	%		
	Sets an offset, as a percentage of the full scale range of the input, which is applied to the analog input signal. This parameter operates in conjunction with P-35, and the resultant value can be displayed in POO-01.						
	The resultant value is defined as a percentage, according to the following:						
	P00-01 = (Applied Signal Level(%) - P-39) x P-35).						

Relay Output Functions (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P-18	Relay Output Function	0	9	1	-		
	Selects the function assigned to the relay output. The relay has two output terminals 10 and 11 will be connected.	terminals, Logic	1 indicates the re	elay is active, an	d therefore		
	0: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled.						
	1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the drive and no fault exists.						
	2: At speed. Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the setpoint frequency.						
	3: Drive tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition.						
	4: Motor speed >= limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the adjustable limit set in P-19.						
	5: Motor current >=limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjustable limit set in P-19.						
	6: Motor speed < limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is below the adjustable limit set in P-19.						
	7: Motor current < limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the	adjustable limit s	set in P-19.				
	8: Analog input 2 >=limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog i	nput 2 exceeds t	he adjustable lim	it set in P-19.			
	9: Drive ready to run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no trip	present.					
P-19	Relay Threshold 0.0 200.0 100.0 %						
	Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of P-18.						
P-50	Relay Output Hysteresis	0.0	100.0	0.0	%		
	Sets the hysteresis level for P-19 to prevent the output relay chattering whe	n close to the th	reshold.				

Analog Output Functions (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P-25	Analog Output Function	0	11	8	-		
	Digital Output Mode. Logic 1 = +24V DC						
	O: Drive running. Logic 1 when the Optidrive is enabled (Running).						
	1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 When no Fault condition exists on the drive.						
	2: At speed. Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the setpoint fre	equency.					
	3: Drive tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition.						
	4: Motor speed >= limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the adjustable limit set in P-19.						
	5: Motor current >=limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjustable limit set in P-19.						
	6: Motor speed < limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is below the adjustable limit set in P-19.						
	7: Motor current < limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the	adjustable limit s	set in P-19.				
	Analog Output Mode						
	8: Motor speed. 0 to P-01, resolution 0.1 Hz.						
	9: Motor current. 0 to 200% of P-08, resolution 0.1 A.						
	10: Motor power. 0 – 200% of drive rated power.						
	11: Motor torque. 0 – 200% of P-08, resolution 0.1 A.						
P-19	Relay Threshold	0.0	200.0	100.0	%		
	Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of P-25.						

6.3.4. Common Functions

Parameter Access Control and Locking (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P-14	Extended Menu Access 0 65535 0						
	Enables access to Extended and Advanced Parameter Groups. This parameter must be set to the value programmed in P-37 (default: 101) to view and adjust Extended Parameters and value of P-37 + 100 to view and adjust Advanced Parameters. The code may be changed by the user in P-37 if desired.						
P-37	Extended Menu Access Code	0	9999	101	-		
	Defines the access code which must be entered in P-14 to access parameters above P-14.						
P-38	Parameter Lock	0	1	0	-		
	O: Unlocked. All parameters can be accessed and changed.						
	1: Locked. Parameter values can be displayed, but cannot be changed	except P-38.					

Local/Remote (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P-15	Digital Input Function	0	17	0	-		
Defines the function of the digital inputs depending on the control mode setting in P-12. See section 7. Analog and Digital Configurations for more information.							

Preset Speeds (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P-15	Digital Input Function Select	0	17	0	-		
	Defines the function of the digital inputs depending on the control mode so Configurations for more information.	etting in P-12. Se	e section 7. Ana	log and Digital	Input Macro		
P-20	Preset Frequency / Speed 1	-P-01	P-01	5.0	Hz / RPM		
P-21	Preset Frequency / Speed 2	-P-01	P-01	25.0	Hz / RPM		
P-22	Preset Frequency / Speed 3	-P-01	P-01	40.0	Hz / RPM		
P-23	Preset Frequency / Speed 4	-P-01	P-01	P-09	Hz / RPM		
	Preset Speeds / Frequencies selected by digital inputs depending on the setting of P-15.						
	If P-10 = 0, the values are entered as Hz. If P-10 > 0, the values are entered as RPM.						
	NOTE Changing the value of P-09 will reset all values to factory default	settings.					

Start Mode, Auto Restart and Fire Mode (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-15	Digital Input Function	0	17	0	-
	Defines the function of the digital inputs depending on the control mode so Configurations for more information.	etting in P-12. Se	e section 7. Ana	log and Digital I	nput Macro

r. Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
25 Analog Output Function	0	11	8	-				
Digital Output Mode. Logic 1 = +24V DC								
O: Drive running. Logic 1 when the Optidrive is enabled (Runnin	ng).							
1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 When no Fault condition exists on the	•							
2: At speed. Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the setpo								
3: Drive tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition.	,							
4: Motor speed >= limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency ex	ceeds the adjustable	limit set in P-19.						
5: Motor current >=limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceed	eds the adjustable lim	it set in P-19.						
6: Motor speed < limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is be	elow the adjustable lin	nit set in P-19.						
7: Motor current < limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below	w the adjustable limit	set in P-19.						
Analog Output Mode								
8: Motor speed. 0 to P-01, resolution 0.1 Hz.								
9: Motor current. 0 to 200% of P-08, resolution 0.1 A.								
10: Motor power. 0 – 200% of drive rated power.								
11: Motor torque. 0 – 200% of P-08, resolution 0.1 A.								
30 Start/ Restart / Fire Mode Configuration	·							
Index 1: Start Mode / Auto Restart	N/A	N/A	Edge-r	_				
Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable inp		-		.1				
Automatic Restart function. Ed9E-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digital Input 1 remains closed. The Input must be closed after a power on arreset to start the drive.								
or reset to start the drive.								
	AULa- D: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatically start if Digital Input 1 is closed.							
RULa-1 To RULa-5: Following a trip, the drive will make up to 5 attempts to restart at 20 second intervals. The numbers of restart attempts are counted, and if the drive fails to start on the final attempt, the drive will trip with a fault, and will require the user to manually reset the fault. The drive must be powered down to reset the counter.								
Index 2: Fire Mode Input Logic	0	1	0	-				
Defines the operating logic when a setting of P-15 is used which inc	ludes Fire Mode, e.a	settings 15, 16,	17 & 18.					
0: Normally Closed (NC) input. Fire Mode active if input is o								
1: Normally Open (NO) input. Fire Mode active if input is cla								
Index 3: Fire Mode Input Latch	0	1	0					
	0	I I		_				
· ·		Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes Fire Mode, e.g. settings 15, 16, 17 & 18.						
Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes	•	-	18.	ı				
Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes O: Latched input. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only as lon	g the fire mode input	signal remains	18.					
Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes O: Latched input. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only as lon (Normally Open or Normally Closed operation is supported dependent.)	g the fire mode input nding on Index 2 setti	signal remains ng).		d aparation				
Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes O: Latched input. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only as lon (Normally Open or Normally Closed operation is supported depertited in the company of the compa	g the fire mode input nding on Index 2 setti signal on the input. No	signal remains ng). ormally Open or	Normally Close	d operation				
Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes O: Latched input. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only as lon (Normally Open or Normally Closed operation is supported dependent of the supported dependent of the supported depending on Index 2 setting. The drive will remain in Fire Mode is activated by a momentary supported depending on Index 2 setting. The drive will remain in Fire	g the fire mode input nding on Index 2 setti signal on the input. No	signal remains ng). ormally Open or	Normally Close	d operation				
Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes O: Latched input. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only as lon (Normally Open or Normally Closed operation is supported dependent of the supported depending on Index 2 setting. The drive will remain in Fire 2: Normally Closed (NC) Input, Preset Speed 4 (P-23)	g the fire mode input nding on Index 2 setti signal on the input. No	signal remains ng). ormally Open or	Normally Close	d operation				
Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes O: Latched input. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only as lon (Normally Open or Normally Closed operation is supported deperding a momentary input. Fire Mode is activated by a momentary supported depending on Index 2 setting. The drive will remain in Fire 2: Normally Closed (NC) Input, Preset Speed 4 (P-23) 3: Normally Open (NO) Input, Preset Speed 4 (P-23)	g the fire mode input nding on Index 2 setti signal on the input. No e Mode until disabled	signal remains ng). ormally Open or d or powered off	Normally Close	d operation				
Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes O: Latched input. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only as lon (Normally Open or Normally Closed operation is supported dependent of the supported dependent of the supported dependent of the supported dependent on Index 2 setting. The drive will remain in Fire 2: Normally Closed (NC) Input, Preset Speed 4 (P-23) 3: Normally Open (NO) Input, Preset Speed 4 (P-23) Keypad Start Mode	g the fire mode input nding on Index 2 setti signal on the input. No e Mode until disabled	signal remains ng). ormally Open or d or powered off	Normally Close	•				
Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes O: Latched input. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only as lon (Normally Open or Normally Closed operation is supported deperation is supported dependent on Index 2 setting. The drive will remain in Fire 2: Normally Closed (NC) Input, Preset Speed 4 (P-23) 3: Normally Open (NO) Input, Preset Speed 4 (P-23) Keypad Start Mode This parameter is active only when operating in Keypad Control Model, 4 or 5 are used, the Keypad Start and Stop keys are active, and control for the control of the control o	g the fire mode input nding on Index 2 setti signal on the input. Note Mode until disabled • (P-12 = 1 or 2) or Note on the Input of Note of	signal remains ng). ormally Open or d or powered off 7 Modbus Mode (P-2 must be linked to	Normally Close 12 = 3 or 4). Whogether. Settings	- nen settings 0				
Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes O: Latched input. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only as lon (Normally Open or Normally Closed operation is supported deperation in the properties of P-15 is used which includes 1: Momentary input. Fire Mode is activated by a momentary supported depending on Index 2 setting. The drive will remain in Fire 2: Normally Closed (NC) Input, Preset Speed 4 (P-23) 3: Normally Open (NO) Input, Preset Speed 4 (P-23) Keypad Start Mode This parameter is active only when operating in Keypad Control Model, 4 or 5 are used, the Keypad Start and Stop keys are active, and coallow the drive to be started from the control terminals directly, and the	g the fire mode input nding on Index 2 setti signal on the input. Note Mode until disabled • (P-12 = 1 or 2) or Note on the Input of Note of	signal remains ng). ormally Open or d or powered off 7 Modbus Mode (P-2 must be linked to	Normally Close 12 = 3 or 4). Whogether. Settings	- nen settings C				
Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes O: Latched input. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only as lon (Normally Open or Normally Closed operation is supported dependent of the provided in the provided HTML of the provided HTML	g the fire mode input nding on Index 2 setti signal on the input. Note Mode until disabled • (P-12 = 1 or 2) or Note on the Input of Note of	signal remains ng). ormally Open or d or powered off 7 Modbus Mode (P-2 must be linked to	Normally Close 12 = 3 or 4). Whogether. Settings	- nen settings C				
Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes O: Latched input. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only as lon (Normally Open or Normally Closed operation is supported dependent of the supported dependent of the supported depending on Index 2 setting. The drive will remain in Fire 2: Normally Closed (NC) Input, Preset Speed 4 (P-23) 3: Normally Open (NO) Input, Preset Speed 4 (P-23) Keypad Start Mode This parameter is active only when operating in Keypad Control Model, 4 or 5 are used, the Keypad Start and Stop keys are active, and coallow the drive to be started from the control terminals directly, and the O: Minimum speed, keypad start 1: Previous speed, keypad start	g the fire mode input nding on Index 2 setti signal on the input. Note Mode until disabled • (P-12 = 1 or 2) or Note on the Input of Note of	signal remains ng). ormally Open or d or powered off 7 Modbus Mode (P-2 must be linked to	Normally Close 12 = 3 or 4). Whogether. Settings	- nen settings C				
Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes O: Latched input. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only as lon (Normally Open or Normally Closed operation is supported deperation in Fire Mode is activated by a momentary supported depending on Index 2 setting. The drive will remain in Fire 2: Normally Closed (NC) Input, Preset Speed 4 (P-23) 3: Normally Open (NO) Input, Preset Speed 4 (P-23) Keypad Start Mode This parameter is active only when operating in Keypad Control Modell, 4 or 5 are used, the Keypad Start and Stop keys are active, and coallow the drive to be started from the control terminals directly, and the O: Minimum speed, keypad start 1: Previous speed, keypad start 2: Minimum speed, terminal start	g the fire mode input nding on Index 2 setti signal on the input. Note Mode until disabled • (P-12 = 1 or 2) or Note on the Input of Note of	signal remains ng). ormally Open or d or powered off 7 Modbus Mode (P-2 must be linked to	Normally Close 12 = 3 or 4). Whogether. Settings	- nen settings C				
Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes O: Latched input. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only as lon (Normally Open or Normally Closed operation is supported dependent of the supported dependent of the supported depending on Index 2 setting. The drive will remain in Fire 2: Normally Closed (NC) Input, Preset Speed 4 (P-23) 3: Normally Open (NO) Input, Preset Speed 4 (P-23) Keypad Start Mode This parameter is active only when operating in Keypad Control Model, 4 or 5 are used, the Keypad Start and Stop keys are active, and coallow the drive to be started from the control terminals directly, and the O: Minimum speed, keypad start 1: Previous speed, keypad start	g the fire mode input nding on Index 2 setti signal on the input. Note Mode until disabled • (P-12 = 1 or 2) or Note on the Input of Note of	signal remains ng). ormally Open or d or powered off 7 Modbus Mode (P-2 must be linked to	Normally Close 12 = 3 or 4). Whogether. Settings	- nen settings (

6: Current speed, terminal start 7: Preset speed 4, terminal start

Fire Mode

The Fire Mode function is designed to ensure continuous operation of the drive in emergency conditions until the drive is no longer capable of sustaining operation. The Fire Mode input may be a normally open (Close to Activate Fire Mode) or Normally Closed (Open to Activate Fire Mode) according to the setting of P-30 Index 2. In addition, the input may be momentary or maintained type, selected by P-30 Index 3.

This input may be linked to a fire control system to allow maintained operation in emergency conditions, e.g. to clear smoke or maintain air quality within that building.

The fire mode function is enabled when P-15 = 15, 16, 17 or 18, with Digital Input 3 assigned to activate fire mode.

Fire Mode disables the following protection features in the drive:

O-t (Heat-sink Over-Temperature), U-t (Drive Under Temperature), Th-FLt (Faulty Thermistor on Heat-sink), E-trip (External Trip), 4-20 F (4-20mA fault), Ph-Ib (Phase Imbalance), P-Loss (Input Phase Loss Trip), SC-trp (Communications Loss Trip), I.t-trp (Accumulated overload Trip).

The following faults will result in a drive trip, auto reset and restart:

O-Volt (Over Voltage on DC Bus), U-Volt (Under Voltage on DC Bus), h O-I (Fast Over-current Trip), O-I (Instantaneous over current on drive output), Out-F (Drive output fault, Output stage trip).

Switching Frequency Selection (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P-17	Effective Switching Frequency	4	32	8	kHz		
Sets maximum effective switching frequency of the drive. If "rEd" is displayed when the parameter is viewed, the switching frequency been reduced to the level in P00-32 due to excessive drive heatsink temperature.							

Skip Frequency (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-26	Skip Frequency Band Width	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / RPM
P-27	Skip Frequency Center Point	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / RPM

The Skip Frequency function is used to avoid the Optidrive operating at a certain output frequency, for example at a frequency which causes mechanical resonance in a particular machine. Parameter P-27 defines the centre point of the skip frequency band, and is used in conjunction with P-26. The Optidrive output frequency will ramp through the defined band at the rates set in P-03 and P-04 respectively, and will not hold any output frequency within the defined band. If the frequency reference applied to the drive is within the band, the Optidrive output frequency will remain at the upper or lower limit of the band.

V/F Characteristic Adjustment (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units	
P-28	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage	0	P-07	0	V	
P-29	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage	0.0	P-09	0.0	Hz	
This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at which the voltage set in P-29 is applied to the motor. Care must be to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using this feature.						

DC Injection Braking (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P-32	Index 1: DC Injection Duration	0.0	25.0	0.0	5		
	Index 2: DC Injection Braking Mode	0	2	0	-		
	Determined by Autotune, adjustment is not normally required.						
P-58	DC Injection Frequency / Speed	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / RPM		
	Sets the speed at which DC injection current is applied during braking to Stop, allowing DC to be injected before the drive reaches zero speed if desired.						
P-59	DC Injection Current	0.0	100.0	20.0	%		
	Sets the level of DC injection braking current applied according to the co	nditions set in P-3	32 and P-58.				

Spin Start (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P-33 Spin Start Enable 0 2 0								
	0: Disabled							
		rabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to determine if the motor is already rotating, and will begin to control the from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when starting motors which are not turning.						
	2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is only	activated follow	ing the events list	ed, otherwise it i	is disabled.			

Dynamic braking (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P-34	Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1)	0	4	0	-				
	0: Disabled								
	1: Enabled with software protection. Brake chopper enabled w	1: Enabled with software protection. Brake chopper enabled with software protection for a 200W continuous rated resistor.							
	2: Enabled without software protection. Enables the internal broprotection device should be fitted.	ake chopper with	nout software pro	otection. An exte	rnal thermal				
	3: Enabled with software protection on speed change only. As setting 1, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.								
	4: Enabled without software protection on speed change only. As setting 2, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.								

Display Scaling (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P-40	Index 1: Display Scaling Control	0.000	16.000	0.000	-			
	Index 2: Display Scaling Source	0	3	0	-			
	Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative output unit scaled from either output frequency (Hz), Motor Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Mode.							
	Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value is m	ultiplied by this f	actor.					
	Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows:							
	0: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 = C), or motor RPM	if $P-10 > 0$.					
	1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (Amps).							
	2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog input	2 signal level, in	iternally represer	nted as 0 – 100.	0%.			
	3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected by P-4d	5, internally repr	esented as 0 – 1	00.0%.				

PI Control (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P-41	PI Proportional Gain	0.0	30.0	1.0	-		
	PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater change in the drive output frequency in response to small change feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability.						
P-42	PI Integral Time	0.0	30.0	1.0	S		
	PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damped respon	se for systems wl	here the overall p	process respond	s slowly.		
P-43	PI Operating Mode	0	3	0	-		
	0: Direct Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal drop 1: Inverse Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal drop						
	2: Direct Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 0, but on res	start from Standb	y, PI Output is se	t to 100%.			
	3: Inverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 1, but on r	estart from Stanc	lby, PI Output is	set to 100%.			
P-44	PI Reference (Setpoint) Source	0	1	0	-		
	Selects the source for the PI Reference / Setpoint.						
	0: Digital Preset. P-45 is used.						
	1: Analog Input 1. Analog input 1 signal level, readable in POO-01 is	used for the setp	oint.				
P-45	PI Digital Reference	0.0	100.0	0.0	%		
	When P-44 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) used for the PI Controller as a % of the feedback signal.						

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-46	PI Feedback Source	0	5	0	-
	Selects the source of the feedback signal to be used by the PI controller.				
	O: Analog Input 2 (Terminal 4) Signal level readable in P00-02.				
	1: Analog Input 1 (Terminal 6) Signal level readable in P00-01.				
	2: Motor Current Scaled as % of P-08.				
	3: DC Bus Voltage Scaled 0 – 1000 Volts = 0 – 100%.				
	4: Analog 1 - Analog 2 The value of Analog Input 2 is subtracted from	n Analog 1 to g	ive a differential	signal. The minim	num value is 0.
	5: Largest (Analog 1, Analog 2) The larger of the two analog input	values is alway	s used for PI feed	dback.	

Standby Mode & Wake Up (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P-48	Standby Mode Timer	0.0	25.0	0.0	S		
	When standby mode is enabled by setting P-48 > 0.0, the drive will enter standby following a period of operating at minimum speed (P-02) for the time set in P-48. When in Standby Mode, the drive display shows 5£ndby, and the output to the motor is disabled.						
P-49	PI Error Wake Up Level	100.0	5.0	%			
	When the drive is operating in PI Control Mode (P-12 = 5 or 6), and Standby Mode is enabled (P-48 > 0.0), P-49 can be used to define the PI Error Level (E.g. difference between the setpoint and feedback) required before the drive restarts after entering Standby Mode. This allows the drive to ignore small feedback errors and remain in Standby mode until the feedback drops sufficiently.						

Serial Communication Configuration

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P-36	Serial Communications Configuration		See B	elow				
	Index 1 : Drive Address	1	63	1	-			
	Index 2 : Comms Type & Baud Rate	9.6	1000	115.2	kbps			
	Index 3: Communication Loss Timeout	0	60000	300	ms			
	This parameter has three sub settings used to configure the Modbus RTU Serial Communications. The Sub Parameters are:							
	Index 1 : Drive Address : Range : 0 – 63, default : 1							
	Index 2: Comms Type & Baud Rate: Selects the Baud Rate and network type for the internal RS485 communication port. For Modbus RTU: Baud rates 9.6, 19.2, 38.4, 57.6, 115.2 kbps are available. For CAN: Baud rates 125, 250, 500 & 1000 kbps are available.							
	Index 3: Communication Loss Timeout: Defines the time for which the drive will operate without receiving a valid command telegram after the drive has been enabled. This applies to Modbus RTU networks and Optibus networks (e.g. keypad control or Master Slave operation) only. CAN communication loss function is enabled via CAN objects 100Ch and 100Dh. Setting 0 disables the Watchdog timer. Setting a value of 30, 100, 1000, or 3000 defines the time limit in milliseconds for operation. A 'E' suffix selects trip on loss of communication. An 'r' suffix means that the drive will coast stop (output immediately disabled) but will not trip.							

Current Limit (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-54	Maximum Current Limit	0.0	175.0	150.0	%
	Defines the max current limit in vector control modes				

6.3.4. Advanced Functions

Autotune (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P-52	Motor Parameter Autotune	0	1	0	-		
	0: Disabled						
	1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive immediately measures required data from the motor for optimal operation. Ensure all motor related parameters are correctly set first before enabling this parameter.						
	This parameter can be used to optimise the performance when P-51 = 0.						
	Autotune is not required if $P-51 = 1$.						
	For settings $2-5$ of P-51, autotune MUST be carried out AFTER all other	required motor s	settings are enter	ed.			

Motor Control Methods

Optidrive E3 may be used with the following motor types:

- Asynchronous Induction Motors (IM)
- Synchronous Permanent Magnet AC Motors (PM)
- Brushless DC Motors (BLDC)
- Synchronous Reluctance Motors (SynRM)
- Line Start Permanent Magnet Motors (LSPM)

Each motor type requires the correct operating mode to be selected and the correct commissioning procedure to be followed as described in the following sections.

NOTE For more detailed information on the various motor types, please see the following pages.

Parameters

	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P-07	Motor Rated Voltage / kE	0	250 / 500	230 / 400	V			
	For Induction Motors, this parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) voltage of the motor (Volts). For Permanent Magnet or Brushless DC Motors, it should be set to the Back EMF at rated speed.							
P-08	Motor Rated Current	Drive	Rating Depe	ndent	A			
	This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) current of the moto current rating of the drive. When the motor nameplate value is entered, thermal overload protection	This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) current of the motor. This parameter cannot be adjusted greater than the continuous current rating of the drive.						
P-09	Motor Rated Frequency	10	500	50 (60)	Hz			
	This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) frequency of the m	iotor.						
P-51	Motor Control Mode	0	5	0	-			
	4: Syn RM motor, vector speed control							
P-52								
P-52	4: Syn RM motor, vector speed control 5: LSPM motor, vector speed control Motor Parameter Auto-tune Enable This parameter can be used to optimise the performance when P-51 = 0. autotune MUST be carried out AFTER all other required motor settings at		1 equired if P-51 =	0 1. For settings 2	- - 5 of P-51,			
P-52	5: LSPM motor, vector speed control Motor Parameter Auto-tune Enable This parameter can be used to optimise the performance when P-51 = 0.	Autotune is not re entered.	equired if P-51 =	1. For settings 2				
P-52	5: LSPM motor, vector speed control Motor Parameter Auto-tune Enable This parameter can be used to optimise the performance when P-51 = 0. autotune MUST be carried out AFTER all other required motor settings at 0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive immediately measures required	Autotune is not re entered.	equired if P-51 =	1. For settings 2				
	5: LSPM motor, vector speed control Motor Parameter Auto-tune Enable This parameter can be used to optimise the performance when P-51 = 0. autotune MUST be carried out AFTER all other required motor settings at 0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive immediately measures required related parameters are correctly set first before enabling this parameter.	Autotune is not re entered. data from the mo	equired if P-51 = tor for optimal of	1. For settings 2 peration. Ensure of	all motor			
	5: LSPM motor, vector speed control Motor Parameter Auto-tune Enable This parameter can be used to optimise the performance when P-51 = 0. autotune MUST be carried out AFTER all other required motor settings at 0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive immediately measures required related parameters are correctly set first before enabling this parameter. Vector Speed Control P-gain	Autotune is not re entered. data from the mo	equired if P-51 = tor for optimal of	1. For settings 2 peration. Ensure of	all motor			
P-53	5: LSPM motor, vector speed control Motor Parameter Auto-tune Enable This parameter can be used to optimise the performance when P-51 = 0. autotune MUST be carried out AFTER all other required motor settings at 0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive immediately measures required related parameters are correctly set first before enabling this parameter. Vector Speed Control P-gain Single Parameter for Vector speed loop tuning. Affects P & I terms simultary	Autotune is not re entered. data from the mo	equired if P-51 = tor for optimal or 200.0 ive when P-51 =	1. For settings 2 peration. Ensure of	all motor			
P-53	5: LSPM motor, vector speed control Motor Parameter Auto-tune Enable This parameter can be used to optimise the performance when P-51 = 0. autotune MUST be carried out AFTER all other required motor settings at 0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive immediately measures required related parameters are correctly set first before enabling this parameter. Vector Speed Control P-gain Single Parameter for Vector speed loop tuning. Affects P & I terms simultated. Motor Stator Resistance	Autotune is not re entered. data from the mo	equired if P-51 = tor for optimal or 200.0 ive when P-51 =	1. For settings 2 peration. Ensure of	all motor			
P-53	5: LSPM motor, vector speed control Motor Parameter Auto-tune Enable This parameter can be used to optimise the performance when P-51 = 0. autotune MUST be carried out AFTER all other required motor settings at 0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive immediately measures required related parameters are correctly set first before enabling this parameter. Vector Speed Control P-gain Single Parameter for Vector speed loop tuning. Affects P & I terms simultated to the parameter of the	Autotune is not re entered. data from the mo	equired if P-51 = tor for optimal or 200.0 ive when P-51 = 655.35 iired.	1. For settings 2 peration. Ensure of	all motor %			
P-53	5: LSPM motor, vector speed control Motor Parameter Auto-tune Enable This parameter can be used to optimise the performance when P-51 = 0. autotune MUST be carried out AFTER all other required motor settings at 0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive immediately measures required related parameters are correctly set first before enabling this parameter. Vector Speed Control P-gain Single Parameter for Vector speed loop tuning. Affects P & I terms simultated to the stator Resistance Motor Stator Resistance Motor Stator Inductance (d)	Autotune is not re entered. data from the mo	equired if P-51 = tor for optimal or 200.0 ive when P-51 = 655.35 iired.	1. For settings 2 peration. Ensure of	all motor %			

Overload Management (relevant parameters)

Par.	Description		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P-60	Motor Overload Management	ĺ	-	-	-	-		
	Index 1: Thermal Overload Retention		0	1	0	1		
	0: Disabled							
	1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive calculated motor overload protection information is retained after the mains power is removed from the drive.							
	Index 2: Thermal Overload Reaction		0	1	1	1		
	0: Trip. When the overload accumulator reaches the limit, the	drive will trip	on It.trp to pre	vent damage to	the motor.			
	1: No trip, current limit reduction. When the overload of 100% of P-08 in order to avoid an lt.trp. The current limit will return to the current limit reduction.							
P-61	Ethernet Service Option		0	1	0	-		
	O: Disabled							
P-62	Ethernet Service Timeout		0	60	0	mins		
	0: Disabled	>0: 7	Timeout in minut	es				
P-63	Modbus Mode Selection		0	1	0	-		
	O: Standard ¹	1: Ac	dvanced ²					
P-64	IP66 DI1 Source		0	4	0	-		
	Visible only on IP66 Switched Drives 0: Terminal 2 OR Switch Forward OR Switch Reverse 1: Terminal 2 Only 2: Terminal 2 OR Switch Forward			(S-Forward OR S Switch Forward	Switch Reverse)			
P-65	IP66 DI2 Source		0	2	0	-		
	Visible only on IP66 Switched Drive 0: Terminal 3 OR Switch Reverse 1: Terminal 3 Only 2: Terminal 3 AND Switch Reverse							

6.4. Commissioning Various Motor Types

Asynchronous Induction Motors (IM) Vector Control

Optidrive E3 factory default parameters are intended for use with IM motors where the power rating of the motor is approximately the same or slightly less than the indicated power rating of the drive. In this case, it should be possible to operate the motor without any parameter adjustment at all for initial testing.

For optimum performance, the drive parameters should be adjusted to match the motor ratings. This will also ensure correct protection of the motor from damage due to overload.

The basic parameters that should be adjusted are:

- P-07: Motor Rated Voltage (V)
- P-08: Motor Rated Current (A)
- P-09: Motor Rated Frequency (Hz)

In addition, it is also possible to set:

■ P-10: Motor Rated Speed (RPM)

When this parameter is adjusted, slip compensation is activated. Slip compensation attempts to compensate the motor speed relative to the load applied, such that when operating at a constant speed with different loads, the motor shaft speed should remain approximately the same.

To further improve the performance of the motor, the following additional steps can be followed:

- Carry out an Autotune.
 - o This requires Advanced Parameter Access, P-14 = P-37 + 100 (Default : 201).
 - o After the correct nameplate information is entered from the motor, the drive can additionally measure some electrical characteristics of the motor to further optimise the motor control to suit connected motor.
 - o This is achieved by setting P-52 = 1.

The autotune will begin **IMMEDIATELY** following the setting of this parameter!

- o The drive output will be enabled, and the motor shaft may move. It is important to ensure this is safe before carrying out the autotune.
- o For IM motors, the autotune takes only a few seconds, and measures only the motor stator resistance. Parameter P-55 will be updated with the new value.

- Adjust the Low Frequency Torque Boost
 - o IM motors require some additional voltage at low frequency to improve the low speed operation and torque.
 - o By adjusting P-11, it is possible to optimise the low speed operation.
 - o If P-11 is increased too far, excessive motor heating or over current trips may result.
- Speed regulation and response to load changes may be improved by adjusting P-11 Vector Gain to suit the motor and connected
 - o Higher values will provide a more dynamic behaviour at the risk of instability.

Synchronous Permanent Magnet AC Motors (PM), BLDC Motors and LSPM Motors **Suitable Motors**

Optidrive E3 provides open loop control of permanent magnet AC motors including BLDC and LSPM type, intended to allow the use of high efficiency motors in simple applications. Both interior and exterior magnets type motors are supported.

Operation is permitted with motors meeting the following criteria:

- The motor Back EMF is >= 1 V / Hz.
 - o NOTE Operation of motors with <1V/Hz Back EMF ratio may be possible with reduced speed range.
- Maximum motor frequency 360Hz.
- RMS Back EMF must not exceed the AC supply voltage during motor operation.
 - o Warning! If the peak Back EMF exceeds 800V, the drive may be permanently damaged!

Commissioning Procedure

When operating with permanent magnet motors, the commissioning steps are as follows:

- Enter the motor Back EMF at Rated Frequency / Speed in parameter P-07.
 - o This parameter must not be set to the rated motor voltage, but the actual Back EMF imposed by the motor magnets at the drive output terminals.
 - o It is sometimes necessary to derive this information from a voltage constant and the rated operating speed, e.g.
 - If a motor has rated speed 2500RPM, back EMF constant 80V / 1000 RPM, P-07 = (2500 * 80) / 1000 = 200V.
 - Alternatively, obtain the value from the motor supplier, or by direct measurement using an oscilloscope.
- Enter the Motor Rated Current in P-08.
 - o It is possible that excessive current levels may permanently damage the motor, therefore this parameter must be set correctly to ensure this cannot occur.
 - o Additionally, this current level is used by the autotune to determine the correct inductance values.
- Enter the motor rated frequency in P-09.
- Optionally enter the motor rated speed in P-10.
- Enabled Advanced Parameter Access by setting P-14 = P-37 + 100 (Default: 201).
- Select the appropriate motor type in P-51
 - o For PM motor control P-51 = 2
 - o For BLDC motor control P-51 = 3
 - o For LSPM motor control P-51 = 5
- Carry out an Autotune.
 - o An Autotune MUST be carried out.
 - o This is achieved by setting P-52 = 1.
 - o The autotune will begin IMMEDIATELY following the setting of this parameter! The drive output will be enabled, and the motor shaft may move. It is important to ensure this is safe before carrying out the autotune.
 - o For PM motors, the autotune measures the motor stator resistance and both Q and D axis inductance values. Parameters P-55, P-56 and P-57 will be updated following the measurements.
- It should now be possible to operate the motor.
- Low speed and starting of the motor may be further optimised by adjusting P-11.
 - o In PM motor control mode, P-11 adjust the additional current injected into the motor at low frequency to help maintain the rotor alignment and ensure reliable starting.
- Speed regulation and response to load changes may be improved by adjusting P-11 Vector Gain to suit the motor and connected
 - o Higher values will provide a more dynamic behaviour at the risk of instability.

Synchronous Reluctance Motors (SynRM)

Suitable Motors

Optidrive E3 provides open loop control of synchronous reluctance AC motors, intended to allow the use of high effciency motors in simple applications.

Commissioning Procedure

When operating with synchronous reluctance motors, the commissioning steps are as follows:

- Enter the motor rated voltage in parameter P-07.
- Enter the Motor Rated Current in P-08.
- Enter the motor rated frequency in P-09.
- Optionally enter the motor rated speed in P-10.
- Enabled Advanced Parameter Access by setting P-14 = P-37 + 100 (Default : 201).
- Select SynRM motor control in by setting P-51 = 4.
- Carry out an Autotune.
 - o For SynRM motor operation, an Autotune MUST be carried out.
 - o This is achieved by setting P-52 = 1.
 - o The autotune will begin **IMMEDIATELY** following the setting of this parameter!
 - o The drive output will be enabled, and the motor shaft may move. It is important to ensure this is safe before carrying out the
 - o For SynRM motors, the autotune measures the motor data required for correct operation.
- It should now be possible to operate the motor.
- Low speed and starting of the motor may be further optimised by adjusting P-11.
 - o In SynRM motor control mode, P-11 adjust the additional current injected into the motor at low frequency to help maintain the rotor alignment and ensure reliable starting.
- Speed regulation and response to load changes may be improved by adjusting P-11 or P-53 to suit the motor and connected
 - o Higher values will provide a more dynamic behaviour at the risk of instability.

6.5. P-00 Read Only Status Parameters

Par.	Description	Explanation					
P00-01	Analog Input 1 Value (%)	100% = max input voltage.					
P00-02	Analog Input 2 Value (%)	100% = max input voltage.					
P00-03	Speed Controller Reference (Hz / RPM)	Displayed in Hz if P-10 = 0, otherwise RPM.					
P00-04	Digital Input Status	Drive digital input status.					
P00-05	PI Output (%)	Displays value of the User PI output.					
P00-06	DC Bus Voltage Ripple (V)	Measured DC bus ripple.					
P00-07	Motor Voltage (V)	Value of RMS voltage applied to motor.					
P00-08	DC Bus Voltage (V)	Internal DC bus voltage.					
P00-09	Heatsink Temperature (°C)	Temperature of heatsink in °C.					
P00-10	Run Time Since Date of Manuf. (Hours)	Not affected by resetting factory default parameters.					
P00-11	Run Time Since Last Trip (1) (Hours)	Run-time clock stopped by drive disable (or trip), reset on next enable only if a trip occurred. Reset also on next enable after a drive power down.					
P00-12	Run Time Since Last Trip (2) (Hours)	Run-time clock stopped by drive disable (or trip), reset on next enable only if a trip occurred (under-volts not considered a trip) – not reset by power down / power up cycling unless a trip occurred prior to power down.					
P00-13	Trip Log	Displays most recent 4 trips with time stamp.					
P00-14	Run Time Since Last Enable (Hours)	Run-time clock stopped on drive disable, value reset on next enable.					
P00-15	Dc Bus Voltage Log (V)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 256ms sample time.					
P00-16	Heatsink Temperature Log (°C)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 30s sample time.					
P00-17	Motor Current Log (A)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 256ms sample time.					
P00-18	DC Bus Voltage Ripple Log (V)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 22ms sample time.					
P00-19	Internal Temperature Log (°C)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 30 s sample time.					
P00-20	Internal Temperature (°C)	Actual internal ambient temperature in °C.					
P00-21	CAN Process Data Input	Incoming process data (RX PDO1) for CAN: PI1, PI2, PI3, PI4.					
P00-21	CAN Process Data Output	Outgoing process data (TX PDO1) for CAN: PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4.					
P00-22	Accumulated Time with Heatsink > 85°C (Hours)	Total accumulated hours and minutes of operation above heatsink temp of 85°C.					
P00-23	Accumulated Time with Internal Temp > 80°C	Total accumulated hours and minutes of operation with drive internal ambient					
	(Hours)	above 80°C.					
P00-25	Estimated Rotor Speed (Hz)	In vector control modes, estimated rotor speed in Hz.					
P00-26	kWh meter / MWh meter	Total number of kWh / MWh consumed by the drive.					
P00-27	Cooling Fan Operating Lifetime (Hours)	Time displayed in hh:mm:ss. First value displays time in hrs, press up to display mm:ss.					
P00-28	Software Version	Version number and checksum. "1" on LH side indicates I/O processor, "2" indicates power stage.					
P00-29	Drive Type	Drive rating, drive type and software version codes.					
P00-30	Drive Serial Number	Unique drive serial number.					
P00-31	Motor Current Id / Iq	Displays the magnetising current (Id) and torque current (Iq). Press UP to show Iq.					
P00-32	Actual Eff. Switching Frequency (kHz)	Actual switching frequency used by drive.					
P00-33	O-I Fault Counter	These parameters log the number of times specific faults or errors occur, and are					
P00-34	O-Volts Fault Counter	useful for diagnostic purposes.					
P00-35	U-Volts Fault Counter						
P00-36	Heatsink O-Temp Counter						
P00-37	B O-I Fault Counter						
P00-38	Internal O-Temp Counter						
P00-39	Modbus RTU Fault Counter						
P00-40	CAN Fault Counter						
P00-41	I/O Comms Fault Counter						
P00-42	DSP Comms Fault Counter						
P00-43	Drive Total Life Time (Hours)	Total lifetime of drive with power applied.					
P00-44	Phase U Current Offset & Ref	Internal value.					
P00-45	Phase V Current Offset & Ref	Internal value.					
P00-46	Phase W Current Offset & Ref	Internal value.					
P00-47	Index 1: Fire Mode Total Active Time	Total activation time of Fire Mode.					
	Index 2: Fire Mode Activation Count	Displays the number of times Fire Mode has been activated.					
P00-48	Scope Channel 1 & 2	Displays signals for scope channels 1 & 2.					
P00-49	Scope Channel 3 & 4	Displays signals for scope channels 3 & 4.					
P00-50	Bootloader and Motor Control	Internal value.					

7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations

7.1. Overview

Optidrive E3 uses a Macro approach to simplify the configuration of the Analog and Digital Inputs. There are two key parameters which determine the input functions and drive behaviour:

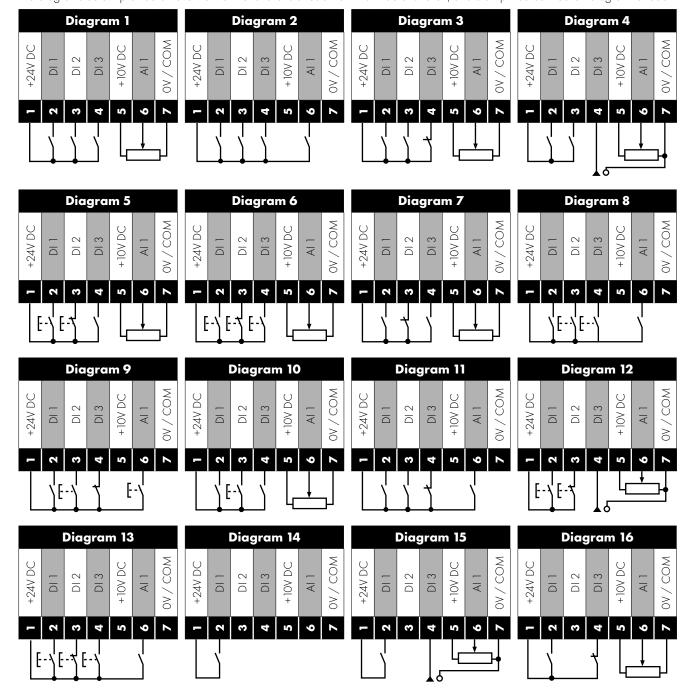
- Selects the main drive control source and determines how the output frequency of the drive is primarily controlled.
- P-15 Assigns the Macro function to the analog and digital inputs.

Additional parameters can then be used to further adapt the settings, e.g.

- Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 1, e.g. 0 10 Volt, 4 20mA.
- Determines whether the drive should automatically start following a power on if the Enable Input is present.
- When Keypad Mode is selected, determines at what output frequency / speed the drive should start following the enable command, and also whether the keypad start key must be pressed or if the Enable input alone should start the drive.
- P-47 Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 2, e.g. 0 10 Volt, 4 20mA.

7.2. Example Connection Diagrams

The diagrams below provide an overview of the functions of each terminal macro function, and a simplified connection diagram for each.



7.3. Macro Functions Guide Key

The table below should be used as a key on the following pages.

Function	Explanation				
STOP	Latched Input, Open the contact to STOP the drive				
RUN	Latched input, Close the contact to Start, the drive will operate as long as the input is maintained				
FWD ひ	Latched Input, selects the direction of motor rotation FORWARD				
REV [©]	Latched Input, selects the direction of motor rotation REVERSE				
RUN FWD℃	Latched Input, Close to Run in the FORWARD direction, Open to STOP				
RUN REVO	Latched Input, Close to Run in the REVERSE direction, Open to STOP				
ENABLE	Hardware Enable Input.				
	In Keypad Mode, P-31 determines whether the drive immediately starts, or the keypad start key must be pressed.				
	In other modes, this input must be present before the start command is applied via the fieldbus interface.				
START 1	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive (NC STOP Input must be maintained)				
^- START -^	Simultaneously applying both inputs momentarily will START the drive (NC STOP Input must be maintained)				
STOP☐	Normally Closed, Falling Edge, Open momentarily to STOP the drive				
START1FWD [™]	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive in the forward direction (NC STOP Input must be maintained)				
START1REV [♂]	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive in the reverse direction (NC STOP Input must be maintained)				
^-FAST STOP (P-24)-^	When both inputs are momentarily active simultaneously, the drive stops using Fast Stop Ramp Time P-24				
FAST STOP 7 (P-24)	Normally Closed, Falling Edge, Open momentarily to FAST STOP the drive using Fast Stop Ramp Time P-24				
E-TRIP	Normally Closed, External Trip input. When the input opens momentarily, the drive trips showing E-Er iP or PEc-Eh depending on P-47 setting				
Fire Mode	Activates Fire Mode				
Analog Input Al1	Analog Input 1, signal format selected using P-16				
Analog Input AI2	Analog Input 2, signal format selected using P-47				
All REF	Analog Input 1 provides the speed reference				
AI2 REF	Analog Input 2 provides the speed reference				
P-xx REF	Speed reference from the selected preset speed				
PR-REF	Preset speeds P-20 – P-23 are used for the speed reference, selected according to other digital input status				
PI-REF	PI Control Speed Reference				
PI FB	Analog Input used to provide a Feedback signal to the internal PI controller				
KPD REF	Keypad Speed Reference selected				
FB REF	Selected speed reference from Fieldbus (Modbus RTU / CAN Open / Master depending on P-12 setting)				
(NO)	Input is Normally Open, Close momentarily to activate the function				
(NC)	Input is Normally Closed, Open momentarily to activate the function				
INC SPD ☐	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to increase the motor speed by value in P-20				
DEC SPD☐	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to decrease the motor speed by value in P-20				

7.4. Macro Functions – Terminal Mode (P-12 = 0)

		DI1	D	12	DI3	/ AI2	DI4 / A	Al1	D:
P-15	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	Diagram
0	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV び	All REF	P-20 REF	Analog Inp	ut Al 1	1
1	STOP	RUN	All REF	PR-REF	P-20	P-21	Analog Inp		1
2	STOP	RUN	DI2	DI3		PR	P-20 - P-23	P-01	2
			0	0	P.	-20			
	_		1	0	P				
			0	1		-22			
			1	1		-23			
3	STOP	RUN	All	P-20 REF	E-TRIP	OK	Analog Inp	ut Al 1	3
4	STOP	RUN	Al1	Al2	Analoa	Input AI2	Analog Inp		4
 5	STOP	RUN FWD	STOP	RUN REV U	Al1	P-20 REF	Analog Inp		1
		r U							
		^FA	AST STOP (P-2	4)^					
6	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV び	E-TRIP	OK	Analog Inp	ut Al 1	3
7	STOP	run fwd	STOP	RUN REV ೮	E-TRIP	OK	Analog Inp	ut Al 1	3
		ڻ ک							
			AST STOP (P-2						
8	STOP	RUN	rwd U	REV	DI3	DI4	PR		2
					0	0	P-20		_
	_]	0	P-21		-
					0	1	P-22		_
	_				1	1	P-23		
9	STOP	START FWD ひ	STOP	START REV び	DI3	DI4	PR		2
		^FA	AST STOP (P-2	4)^	0	0	P-20		
					1	0	P-21		
					0	1	P-22		
					1	1	P-23		
10	(NO)	START _	STOP	(NC)	All REF	P-20 REF	Analog Inp	ut Al 1	5
11	(NO)	START ゴ FWD び	STOP	(NC)	(NO)	START よ REV び	Analog Inp	ut Al l	6
		^	F	AST STOP (P-24	1)	^			
12	STOP	RUN	FAST STOP (P-24)	OK	All REF	P-20 REF	Analog Inp	ut Al l	7
13	(NO)	START FWD	STOP	(NC)	(NO)	START REV	KPD REF	P-20 REF	13
		٥ ک				U			
				AST STOP (P-24		1			
14	STOP	RUN	Ľ	12	E-TRIP	OK	DI2 DI4	PR	11
							0 0	P-20	_
							1 0	P-21	-
							0 1	P-22	-
							1 1	P-23	
15	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	Al1		Mode	Analog Inp	1	1
16	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	P-21 REF		Mode	FWD	REV	2
1 <i>7</i>	STOP	RUN	D	12	Fire	Mode	DI2 DI4	PR	2
							0 0	P-20	
							1 0	P-21	
							0 1	P-22	
							1 1	P-23	
18	STOP	RUN	びdWa	REV 🗸	Fire	Mode	Analog Inp	ut Al 1	1

7.5. Macro Functions - Keypad Mode (P-12 = 1 or 2)

	DII		DI2		DI3 / AI2		DI4	/ All	
P-15	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	Diagram
0	STOP	enable	-	INC SPD 🕽	-	DEC SPD 7	FWD ひ	REV び	8
				^	START	^			
1	STOP	enable			PI Speed	Reference			2
2	STOP	ENABLE	-	INC SPD 🕽	-	DEC SPD 7	KPD REF	P-20 REF	8
				^	START	^			
3	STOP	ENABLE	-	INC SPD 🕽	E-TRIP	OK	-	DEC SPD 7	9
				^		START		^	
4	STOP	enable	-	INC SPD 🕽	KPD REF	All REF	A	411	10
5	STOP	ENABLE	で DW7	REV 🗸	KPD REF	All REF	A	411	1
6	STOP	ENABLE	び DWi	REV 🗸	E-TRIP	OK	KPD REF	P-20 REF	11
7	STOP	run fwd	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	E-TRIP	OK	KPD REF	P-20 REF	11
		^FA	ST STOP (P-24	1)^					
8	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	KPD REF	All REF	A	11	1
14	STOP	ENABLE	-	INC SPD 🕽	E-TRIP	OK	-	DEC SPD 7	
15	STOP	ENABLE	PR REF	KPD REF	Fire	Mode	P-23	P-21	2
16	STOP	ENABLE	P-23 REF	KPD REF	Fire	Mode	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	2
17	STOP	ENABLE	KPD REF	P-23 REF	Fire	Mode	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	2
18	STOP	ENABLE	All REF	KPD REF	Fire	Mode	A	Al 1	1

9, 10, 11, 12, 13 = Behavior as per setting 0

NOTE

When P15=4 in keypad mode, DI2 &DI4 are edge triggered. Digital pot speed will be increased or decreased once for each rising edge. The step of each speed change is defined by the absolute value of Pre-set Speed 1 (P-20).

Speed change only happens during normal running condition (no stop command etc.). Digital pot will be adjusted between minimum speed (P-02) and maximum speed (P-01).

7.6. Macro Functions - Fieldbus Control Mode (P-12 = 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9)

		DII	DI2		DI3	/ Al2	DI4 /	All	J
P-15	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	Diagram
0	STOP	enable	FB RE	FB REF (Fieldbus Speed Reference, Modbus RTU / CAN / Master-Slave defined by P-12)					
1	STOP	enable			PI Speed	Reference			15
3	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	P-20 REF	E-TRIP	OK	Analog I	nput Al 1	3
5	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	PR REF	P-20	P-21	Analog Input Al 1		1
		^START	(P-12 = 3 or 4)	Only)^					
6	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	All REF	E-TRIP	OK	Analog I	nput Al 1	3
		^START	(P-12 = 3 or 4	Only)^					
7	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	KPD REF	E-TRIP	OK	Analog I	nput Al 1	3
		^START	(P-12 = 3 or 4)	Only)^					
14	STOP	enable	-	-	E-TRIP	OK	Analog I	nput Al 1	16
15	STOP	enable	PR REF	FB REF	Fire	Mode	P-23	P-21	2
16	STOP	enable	P-23 REF	FB REF	Fire	Mode	Analog I	nput Al 1	1
17	STOP	enable	FB REF	FB REF P-23 REF Fire Mode Analog Input Al 1		1			
18	STOP	ENABLE	All REF	All REF FB REF Fire Mode Analog Input All					1
	2, 4, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 = Behavior as per setting 0								

7.7. Macro Functions - User PI Control Mode (P-12 = 5 or 6)

	DII		DI2		DI3	DI3 / AI2		41	J
P-15	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	Diagram
0	STOP	run	PI REF	P-20 REF	P	AI2	Al1		4
1	STOP	RUN	PI REF	All REF	Al2	(PI FB)	All		4
3, 7	STOP	RUN	PI REF	P-20	E-TRIP	OK	All (PLE	-В)	3
4	(NO)	START	(NC)	STOP	Al2	(PI FB)	Al1		12
5	(NO)	START	(NC)	STOP	PI REF	P-20 REF	AII (PIFB)		5
6	(NO)	START	(NC)	STOP	E-TRIP	OK	All (Pli	-B)	
8	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV び	AI2	(PI FB)	All		4
14	STOP	RUN	-	-	E-TRIP	OK	All (PLE	-В)	16
15	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	PI REF	Fire	Mode	All (PLE	-В)	1
16	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	P-21 REF	Fire	Fire Mode Al 1 (PI FB)		1	
17	STOP	RUN	P-21 REF	P-23 REF	Fire Mode All (PIFB)		-В)	1	
18	STOP	RUN	All REF	PI REF	Fire	Mode	All (PLE	-В)	1

2, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 = Behavior as per setting 0

P1 Setpoint source is selected by P-44 (default is fixed value in P-45, Al 1 may also be selected). P1 Feedback source is selected by P-46 (default is Al 2, other options may be selected).

8. Modbus RTU Communications

8.1. Introduction

The Optidrive E3 can be connected to a Modbus RTU network via the RJ45 connector on the front of the drive.

8.2. Modbus RTU Specification

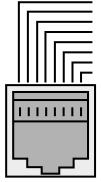
Protocol	Modbus RTU		
Error check	CRC		
Baud rate	9600bps, 19200bps, 38400bps, 57600bps, 115200bps (default)		
Data format	1 start bit, 8 data bits, 1 stop bits, no parity		
Physical signal	RS 485 (2-wire)		
User interface	RJ45		
Supported Function Codes	03 Read Multiple Holding Registers		
	06 Write Single Holding Register		
	16 Write Multiple Holding Registers (Supported for registers 1 – 4 only)		

8.3. RJ45 Connector Configuration

For full MODBUS RTU register map information please refer to your Invertek Drives Sales Partner. Local contacts can be found by visiting our website:

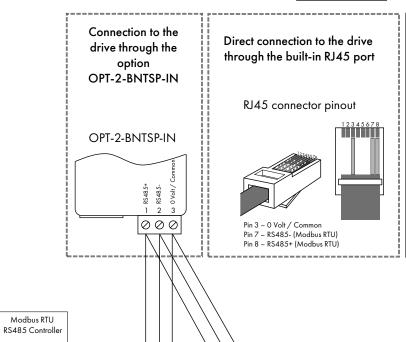
www.invertekdrives.com

When using MODBUS control the Analog and Digital Inputs can be configured as shown in section 7.6. Macro Functions - Fieldbus Control Mode (P-12 = 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9).



1	CAN -
2	CAN+
3	O Volts
4	-RS485 (PC)
5	+RS485 (PC)
6	+24 Volt
7	-RS485 (Modbus RTU)
8	+RS485 (Modbus RTU)

Warning: This is not an Ethernet connection. Do not connect directly to an Ethernet port.



NOTES

- Use 3 or 4 Conductor Twisted Pair Cable
- RS485+ and RS485- must be twisted pair
- Ensure the network taps for the drive are kept as short as possible
- Using Option OPT-2-BNTSP-IN is preferred
- Terminate the network cable shield at the controller only. Do not terminate at the drive!
- O Volt common must be connected across all devices and to reference 0 Volt terminal at the controller
- Do not connect the OV Common of the network to power ground

RS485+ RS485-0 Volt / Common Ground

8.4. Modbus Register Map

						1																																													
Register Number	Par.	Туре	Su Fund	pport	ed odes	Function		Function		Function		Function		Function		Function		Function		Function		Function		Function		Function		Function		Function		Function		Function		Function		Function		Function		Function		Function		Function		Function		Range	Explanation
Number			03	06	16	Low Byte	High Byte																																												
1	-	R/W	•	•	•	Drive Contr	ol Command	03	16 Bit Word. Bit O: Low = Stop, High = Run Enable Bit 1: Low = Decel Ramp 1 (P-04), High = Decel Ramp 2 (P-24) Bit 2: Low = No Function, High = Fault Reset Bit 3: Low - No Function, High = Coast Stop Request																																										
2	-	R/W	~	~	~	Modbus Speed reference setpoint		05000	Setpoint frequency x10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz																																										
4	-	R/W	•	•	~	Acceleration and Deceleration Time		060000	Ramp time in seconds x 100, e.g. 250 = 2.5 seconds																																										
6	-	R	•			Drive status	Error code		Low Byte = Drive Error Code, see section 11.1. Fault Code Messages High Byte = Drive Status as follows: O: Drive Running 1: Drive Tripped 5: Standby Mode 6: Drive Ready																																										
7		R	~			Output Mot	tor Frequency	020000	Output frequency in Hz x10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz																																										
8		R	~			Output M	otor Current	0480	Output Motor Current in Amps x 10, e.g. 10 = 1.0 Amps																																										
11	-	R	~			Digital in	nput status	015	Indicates the status of the 4 digital inputs Lowest Bit = 1 Input 1																																										
20	POO-01	R	~			Analog In	put 1 value	01000	Analog input % of full scale x 10, e.g. 1000 = 100%																																										
21	P00-02	R	~			Analog In	put 2 value	01000	Analog input % of full scale x10, e.g. 1000 = 100%																																										
22	POO-03	R	~			Speed Refe	erence Value	01000	Displays the setpoint frequency x 10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz																																										
23	POO-08	R	~			DC bu	s voltage	01000	DC Bus Voltage in Volts																																										
24	POO-09	R	~			Drive ter	mperature	0100	Drive heatsink temperature in °C																																										

All user configurable parameters are accessible as Holding Registers, and can be Read from or Written to using the appropriate Modbus command. The Register number for each parameter P-04 to P-60 is defined as 128 + Parameter number, e.g. for parameter P-15, the register number is 128 + 15 = 143. Internal scaling is used on some parameters, for further details please contact your Invertek Drives Sales Partner.

9. CAN Communication

9.1. CAN Communication

The CAN communication profile in the Optidrive E3 is implemented according to the specification DS301 version 4.02 of CAN in automation (www.can-cia.de). Specific device profiles such as DS402 are not supported.

The CAN communication function is enabled by default after power up. However in order to use any control functions through CAN, the following setting is required: P-12 = 7 or 8.

The CAN communication baud rate can be set by using parameter P-36 (Index 2). Available baud rates are: 125kbps, 250kbps, 500kbps, 1 Mbps. (with default setting as 500kbps).

The Node ID is set up through drive address parameter P-36 (Index 1) with the default value of 1.

The tables below show the Index and Sub Index required to address each parameter. All User Adjustable parameters are accessible by CAN, except those that would directly affect the communications.

All parameter values can be read from the drive and written to, depending on the operating mode of the drive – some parameters may not be changed whilst the drive is enabled.

Optidrive E3 provides the following default COB-ID and functions:

Туре	COB-ID	Function
NMT	000h	Network management.
Sync	O8Oh	Synchronous message. COB-ID can be configured to other value.
Emergency	080h + Node address	Emergency message.
PDO1 (TX)	180h + Node address	Process data object.
PDO1 (RX)	200h + Node address	PDO1 is pre-mapped and enabled by default.
PDO2 (TX)	280h + Node address	COB-ID can be configured to other value. PDO2 is pre-mapped and disabled by default.
PDO2 (RX)	300h + Node address	Transmission mode, COB-ID and mapping can be configured.
SDO (TX)	580h + Node address	
SDO (RX)	600h + Node address	SDO channel can be used for drive parameter access.
Error Control	700h + Node address	Guarding and Heartbeat function are supported. COB-ID can be configured to other value.

NOTE

- The Optidrive E3 SDO channel only supports expedited transmission.
- The Optidrive E3 can only support up to 2 Process Data Objects (PDO). All PDOs are pre-mapped; however PDO2 is disabled by default. The table below gives the default PDO mapping information.
- Customer configuration (mapping) will NOT be saved during power down. This means that the CANopen configuration will restore to its default condition each time the drive is powered up.

9.1.1. PDO Default Mapping

	Objects No.	Mapped Object	Length	Mapped Function	Transmission Type	
	1	2000h	Unsigned 16	Control command register*		
RX	2	2001 h	Integer 16	Speed reference	254	
PDO1	3	2003h	Unsigned 16	User ramp reference	Valid immediately	
	4	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy]	
	1	200Ah	Unsigned 16	Drive status register		
TX	2	200Bh	Integer 16	Motor speed Hz	254	
PDO1	3	3 200Dh		Motor current	Send after receiving RX PDO 1	
	4	2010h	Integer 16	Drive temperature		
	1	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy		
RX	2	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy		
PDO2	3	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy	254	
	4	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy		
	1	2011 h	Unsigned 16	DC bus voltage		
TX	2	2012h	Unsigned 16	Digital input status	954	
PDO2	3	2013h	Integer 16	Analog input 1 (%)	254	
	4	2014h	Integer 16	Analog input 2 (%)		

^{*} Drive control can only be achieved when P-12=7 or 8 provided that P-31 = 0, 1, 4 or 5.

9.1.2. PDO transmission type

Various transmission modes can be selected for each PDO. For RX PDO, the following modes are supported:

Transmission Type	Mode	Description
0 – 240	Synchronous	The received data will be transferred to the drive active control register when the next sync message is received.
254, 255	Asynchronous	The received data will be transferred to the drive active control register immediately without delay.

For TX PDO, the following modes are supported:

Transmission Type	Mode	Description
0	Acyclic synchronous	TX PDO will only be sent out if the PDO data has changed and PDO will be transmitted on reception of SYNC object.
1-240	Cyclic synchronous	TX PDO will be transmitted synchronously and cyclically. The transmission type indicates the number of SYNC object that are.
254	Asynchronous	TX PDO will only be transferred once corresponding RX PDO has been received.
255	Asynchronous	TX PDO will only be transferred anytime if PDO data value has changed.

9.1.3. CAN Open Specific Object Table

Index	Sub Index	Function	Access	Туре	PDO Map	Default Value
1000h	0	Device Type	R	U32	N	0
1001 h	0	Error Register	R	U8	N	0
1002h	0	Manufacturer Status Register	R	U16	N	0
1005h	0	COB-ID Sync	RW	U32	N	00000080h
1008h	0	Manufacturer Device Name	R	String	N	ODE3
1009h	0	Manufacturer Hardware Version	R	String	N	X.XX

Db Index 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 3 4 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 3 1 2 3	Function Manufacturer Software Version Guard Time (1ms) Life Time Factor COB-ID EMCY Inhibit Time Emergency (100µs) Producer Heartbeat Time (1ms) Identity Object No. Of entries Vendor ID Product Code Revision Number Serial Number SDO Parameter No. Of entries COB-ID Client -> Server (RX) COB-ID Server -> Client (TX) RX PDO1 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO1 COB-ID RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO1 1 mapping / no. of entries RX PDO1 1st mapped object RX PDO1 2nd mapped object	R RW RW RW RW RW RW RW R R R R R R R R	Type String U16 U8 U32 U16 U16 U8 U32 U16 U16 U8 U32 U32 U32 U32 U32 U32 U32 U8 U32 U32 U8 U32 U8 U32 U8 U32 U8 U32 U8	PDO Map	New York New York
0 0 0 0 0 1 2 3 4 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0	Life Time Factor COB-ID EMCY Inhibit Time Emergency (100µs) Producer Heartbeat Time (1 ms) Identity Object No. Of entries Vendor ID Product Code Revision Number Serial Number SDO Parameter No. Of entries COB-ID Client -> Server (RX) COB-ID Server -> Client (TX) RX PDO1 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO1 COB-ID RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO2 COB-ID RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO1 1 mapping / no. of entries RX PDO1 1 st mapped object	RW RW RW RW R R R R R R R R R R R R R R	U16 U8 U32 U16 U16 U8 U32 U16 U16 U8 U32 U32 U32 U32 U32 U8 U32 U32 U8 U32 U8 U32 U8 U32 U8		0 0 00000080h+Node ID 0 0 4 0x0000031 A Drive Dependent x.xx Drive Dependent 2 00000600h+Node ID 0000580h+Node ID 2 40000200h+Node ID 254 2 C0000300h+Node ID
0 0 0 0 0 1 2 3 4 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0	Life Time Factor COB-ID EMCY Inhibit Time Emergency (100µs) Producer Heartbeat Time (1 ms) Identity Object No. Of entries Vendor ID Product Code Revision Number Serial Number SDO Parameter No. Of entries COB-ID Client -> Server (RX) COB-ID Server -> Client (TX) RX PDO1 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO1 COB-ID RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO2 COB-ID RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO1 1 mapping / no. of entries RX PDO1 1 st mapped object	RW RW RW R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R	U8 U32 U16 U16 U8 U32 U32 U32 U32 U32 U8 U32 U32 U8 U32 U8 U32 U8 U32 U8 U32 U8		00000080h+Node ID 0 0 4 0x0000031 A Drive Dependent x.xx Drive Dependent 2 00000600h+Node ID 00000580h+Node ID 2 40000200h+Node ID 254 2 C0000300h+Node ID
0 0 0 0 1 2 3 4 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0	COB-ID EMCY Inhibit Time Emergency (100µs) Producer Heartbeat Time (1 ms) Identity Object No. Of entries Vendor ID Product Code Revision Number Serial Number SDO Parameter No. Of entries COB-ID Client -> Server (RX) COB-ID Server -> Client (TX) RX PDO1 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO1 COB-ID RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO2 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO2 COB-ID RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO1 1 mapping / no. of entries RX PDO1 1 st mapped object	RW RW RW R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R	U32 U16 U16 U8 U32 U32 U32 U32 U8 U32 U32 U8 U32 U8 U32 U8 U32 U8 U32 U8		0 0 4 0x0000031 A Drive Dependent x.xx Drive Dependent 2 00000600h+Node ID 00000580h+Node ID 2 40000200h+Node ID 254 2 C0000300h+Node ID
0 0 0 1 2 3 4 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0	Inhibit Time Emergency (100µs) Producer Heartbeat Time (1 ms) Identity Object No. Of entries Vendor ID Product Code Revision Number Serial Number SDO Parameter No. Of entries COB-ID Client -> Server (RX) COB-ID Server -> Client (TX) RX PDO1 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO1 COB-ID RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO2 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO1 1 mapping / no. of entries RX PDO1 1 st mapped object	RW RW R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R	U16 U16 U8 U32 U32 U32 U32 U32 U8 U32 U32 U8 U32 U8 U32 U8 U32 U8 U32 U8		0 0 4 0x0000031 A Drive Dependent x.xx Drive Dependent 2 00000600h+Node ID 00000580h+Node ID 2 40000200h+Node ID 254 2 C0000300h+Node ID
0 0 1 2 3 4 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0	Producer Heartbeat Time (1 ms) Identity Object No. Of entries Vendor ID Product Code Revision Number Serial Number SDO Parameter No. Of entries COB-ID Client -> Server (RX) COB-ID Server -> Client (TX) RX PDO1 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO1 COB-ID RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO2 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO2 COB-ID RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO1 1 mapping / no. of entries RX PDO1 1 st mapped object	RW R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R RW RW	U16 U8 U32 U32 U32 U32 U8 U32 U32 U8 U32 U8 U32 U8 U32 U8 U32 U8		0 4 0x0000031 A Drive Dependent x.xx Drive Dependent 2 00000600h+Node ID 00000580h+Node ID 2 40000200h+Node ID 254 2 C0000300h+Node ID
0 1 2 3 4 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2	Identity Object No. Of entries Vendor ID Product Code Revision Number Serial Number SDO Parameter No. Of entries COB-ID Client -> Server (RX) COB-ID Server -> Client (TX) RX PDO1 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO1 COB-ID RX PDO transmission type RX PDO2 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO2 COB-ID RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO1 1 mapping / no. of entries RX PDO1 1 st mapped object	R R R R R R R R R R R R R R RW RW RW RW	U8 U32 U32 U32 U8 U32 U32 U32 U32 U8 U32 U8 U32 U8 U32 U8 U32 U8		4 0x0000031 A Drive Dependent x.xx Drive Dependent 2 00000600h+Node ID 00000580h+Node ID 2 40000200h+Node ID 254 2 C0000300h+Node ID
1 2 3 4 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 2 0 1 2 2 0 1 2 2 0 1 2 2 0 1 2 2 0 1 2 2 0 1 2 2 0 1 2 2 1 2 1	Vendor ID Product Code Revision Number Serial Number SDO Parameter No. Of entries COB-ID Client -> Server (RX) COB-ID Server -> Client (TX) RX PDO1 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO1 COB-ID RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO2 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO2 COB-ID RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO1 1 mapping / no. of entries RX PDO1 1 st mapped object	R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R	U32 U32 U32 U32 U8 U32 U32 U8 U32 U8 U32 U8 U32 U8 U32 U8		0x0000031 A Drive Dependent
2 3 4 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0	Product Code Revision Number Serial Number SDO Parameter No. Of entries COB-ID Client -> Server (RX) COB-ID Server -> Client (TX) RX PDO1 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO1 COB-ID RX PDO transmission type RX PDO2 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO2 COB-ID RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO1 1 mapping / no. of entries RX PDO1 1 st mapped object	R R R R R R R R R R R RW RW RW RW RW RW	U32 U32 U32 U8 U32 U32 U8 U32 U8 U32 U32 U32 U8 U32 U8		Drive Dependent
3 4 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0	Revision Number Serial Number SDO Parameter No. Of entries COB-ID Client -> Server (RX) COB-ID Server -> Client (TX) RX PDO1 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO1 COB-ID RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO2 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO2 COB-ID RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO1 1 mapping / no. of entries RX PDO1 1 st mapped object	R R R R R R R R RW RW RW RW RW RW	U32 U8 U32 U32 U8 U32 U8 U32 U8 U32 U32 U32 U8 U32 U8		x.xx Drive Dependent 2 00000600h+Node ID 00000580h+Node ID 2 40000200h+Node ID 254 2 C0000300h+Node ID
4 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0	Serial Number SDO Parameter No. Of entries COB-ID Client -> Server (RX) COB-ID Server -> Client (TX) RX PDO1 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO1 COB-ID RX PDO transmission type RX PDO2 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO2 COB-ID RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO1 1 mapping / no. of entries RX PDO1 1 st mapped object	R R R R R R RW RW R RW RW RW RW	U32 U8 U32 U32 U8 U32 U8 U32 U32 U8 U32 U8	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	Drive Dependent 2 00000600h+Node ID 00000580h+Node ID 2 40000200h+Node ID 254 2 C0000300h+Node ID
0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0	SDO Parameter No. Of entries COB-ID Client -> Server (RX) COB-ID Server -> Client (TX) RX PDO1 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO1 COB-ID RX PDO transmission type RX PDO2 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO2 COB-ID RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO1 1 mapping / no. of entries RX PDO1 1 st mapped object	R R R R R RW RW RW RW RW RW RW	U8 U32 U32 U8 U32 U32 U32 U8 U32 U8 U32 U8	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	2 00000600h+Node ID 00000580h+Node ID 2 40000200h+Node ID 254 2 C0000300h+Node ID
1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2	COB-ID Client -> Server (RX) COB-ID Server -> Client (TX) RX PDO1 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO1 COB-ID RX PDO transmission type RX PDO2 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO2 COB-ID RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO1 1 mapping / no. of entries RX PDO1 1 st mapped object	R R R R RW RW R RW RW RW RW	U32 U32 U8 U32 U32 U8 U32 U8	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	2 40000200h+Node ID 2 40000200h+Node ID 254 2 C0000300h+Node ID
2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0	COB-ID Server -> Client (TX) RX PDO1 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO1 COB-ID RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO2 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO2 COB-ID RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO1 1 mapping / no. of entries RX PDO1 1st mapped object	R R RW RW RW RW RW RW RW	U32 U8 U32 U32 U8 U32 U8	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	00000580h+Node ID 2 40000200h+Node ID 254 2 C0000300h+Node ID
0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2	RX PDO1 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO1 COB-ID RX PDO transmission type RX PDO2 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO2 COB-ID RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO1 1 mapping / no. of entries RX PDO1 1st mapped object	R RW RW R R RW RW RW	U8 U32 U32 U8 U32 U8	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	2 40000200h+Node ID 254 2 C0000300h+Node ID
1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2	RX PDO1 COB-ID RX PDO transmission type RX PDO2 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO2 COB-ID RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO1 1 mapping / no. of entries RX PDO1 1st mapped object	RW RW R RW RW	U32 U32 U8 U32 U8	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	40000200h+Node ID 254 2 C0000300h+Node ID
2 0 1 2 0 1 2	RX PDO transmission type RX PDO2 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO2 COB-ID RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO1 1 mapping / no. of entries RX PDO1 1st mapped object	RW R RW RW	U32 U8 U32 U8	N N N	254 2 C0000300h+Node ID
0 1 2 0 1 2	RX PDO2 comms param. no. of entries RX PDO2 COB-ID RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO1 1 mapping / no. of entries RX PDO1 1st mapped object	R RW RW RW	U8 U32 U8	N N N	2 C0000300h+Node ID
1 2 0 1 2	RX PDO2 COB-ID RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO1 1 mapping / no. of entries RX PDO1 1st mapped object	RW RW	U32 U8	N N	C0000300h+Node ID
2 0 1 2	RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO1 1 mapping / no. of entries RX PDO1 1st mapped object	RW RW	U8	N	
0 1 2	RX PDO1 1 mapping / no. of entries RX PDO1 1st mapped object	R₩			
1 2	RX PDO 1 1st mapped object		U8	k	-
2		RW		N	4
	RX PDO1 2nd mapped object		U32	N	20000010h
3		RW	U32	N	20010010h
	RX PDO1 3rd mapped object	RW	U32	N	20030010h
4	RX PDO 1 4th mapped object	RW	U32	N	00060010h
0	RX PDO2 1 mapping / no. of entries	RW	U8	N	4
1	RX PDO2 1st mapped object	RW	U32	N	00060010h
2	RX PDO2 2nd mapped object	RW	U32	N	00060010h
3	RX PDO2 3rd mapped object	RW	U32	N	00060010h
4	RX PDO2 4th mapped object	RW	U32	N	00060010h
0	TX PDO1 comms parameter number of entries	R	U8	N	3
1	TX PDO1 COB-ID	RW	U32	N	40000180h+Node ID
2	TX PDO1 transmission type	RW	U8	N	254
3	TX PDO 1 Inhibit time (100µs)	RW	U16	N	0
0	TX PDO2 comms param no. of entries	R	U8	N	3
1	TX PDO2 COB-ID	RW	U32	N	C0000280h+Node ID
2	TX PDO2 transmission type	RW	U8	N	0
3	TX PDO2 Inhibit time (100µs)	RW	U 16	N	0
0	TX PDO1 mapping / no. of entries	RW	U8	N	4
1	TX PDO 1 1st mapped object	RW	U32	N	200A0010h
2	TX PDO1 2nd mapped object	RW	U32	N	200B0010h
3		RW	U32	N	200D0010h
4		RW	U32	N	20100010h
0		RW	U8	N	4
1		RW		N	20110010h
2					20120010h
					20130010h
- 1					20140010h
	0 1 2 3 0 1 2 3 0 1 2 3 4 0	TX PDO1 comms parameter number of entries TX PDO1 COB-ID TX PDO1 transmission type TX PDO2 Inhibit time (100μs) TX PDO2 comms param no. of entries TX PDO2 transmission type TX PDO2 transmission type TX PDO2 Inhibit time (100μs) TX PDO1 mapping / no. of entries TX PDO1 1st mapped object TX PDO1 3rd mapped object TX PDO1 3rd mapped object TX PDO1 4th mapped object TX PDO2 mapping / no. of entries TX PDO2 mapping / no. of entries TX PDO2 mapping / no. of entries TX PDO2 stansmission type	TX PDO1 comms parameter number of entries TX PDO1 COB-ID RW TX PDO1 transmission type RW TX PDO2 Inhibit time (100µs) TX PDO2 comms param no. of entries TX PDO2 transmission type RW TX PDO2 transmission type TX PDO2 Inhibit time (100µs) TX PDO2 Inhibit time (100µs) TX PDO1 Inhibit time (100µs) TX PDO1 mapping / no. of entries TX PDO1 1st mapped object RW TX PDO1 2nd mapped object RW TX PDO1 3rd mapped object RW TX PDO1 4th mapped object RW TX PDO2 mapping / no. of entries RW TX PDO2 and mapped object RW TX PDO2 1st mapped object RW TX PDO2 1st mapped object RW TX PDO2 2nd mapped object RW TX PDO2 3rd mapped object RW	TX PDO1 comms parameter number of entries R U8 TX PDO1 COB-ID RW U32 TX PDO1 transmission type RW U8 TX PDO1 Inhibit time (100µs) RW U16 TX PDO2 comms param no. of entries R U8 TX PDO2 transmission type RW U32 TX PDO2 transmission type RW U8 TX PDO2 Inhibit time (100µs) RW U16 TX PDO2 Inhibit time (100µs) RW U16 TX PDO1 Inhibit time (100µs) RW U16 TX PDO1 mapping / no. of entries RW U8 TX PDO1 1st mapped object RW U32 TX PDO1 2nd mapped object RW U32 TX PDO1 3rd mapped object RW U32 TX PDO1 3rd mapped object RW U32 TX PDO2 mapping / no. of entries RW U32 TX PDO2 1st mapped object RW U32 TX PDO2 2nd mapped object RW U32 TX PDO2 2nd mapped object RW U32	O TX PDO1 comms parameter number of entries R U8 N 1 TX PDO1 COB-ID RW U32 N 2 TX PDO1 transmission type RW U8 N 3 TX PDO1 Inhibit time (100μs) RW U16 N 0 TX PDO2 comms param no. of entries R U8 N 1 TX PDO2 comms param no. of entries RW U32 N 2 TX PDO2 comms param no. of entries RW U32 N 2 TX PDO2 transmission type RW U32 N 3 TX PDO2 Inhibit time (100μs) RW U16 N 0 TX PDO1 mapping / no. of entries RW U32 N 1 TX PDO1 2nd mapped object RW U32 N 3 TX PDO1 4th mapped object RW U32 N 0 TX PDO2 mapping / no. of entries RW U32 N 1 TX PDO2 1st mapped object RW U32 N 1

9.2. Additional Information Relating to CAN or Modbus or Both

9.2.1 Drive Control Word Format

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
			High	byte							Low	byte			

- Bit 0: Run/Stop command: Set to 1 to enable the drive. Set to 0 to stop the drive.
- Bit 1: Fast stop request. Set to 1 to enable drive to stop with 2nd deceleration ramp.
- Bit 2: Reset request. Set to 1 in order to reset the drive if drive is under trip condition.

User must clear this bit when drive is under normal condition to prevent un-expected reset.

Coast stop request. Set to 1 to issue a coast stop command.

For normal operation, Bit 3 has the highest priority, bit 0 has the lowest priority (bit 3>bit 1>bit 0). For example if user set command as 0x0009, drive will do a coast stop rather than run. For normal run/start, just set this register to 1.

NOTE Start/stop (bit 0), fast stop (bit 1) and coast stop (bit 3) only works if P-31 = 0 or 1. Otherwise, start/stop function is controlled by drive control terminals. Reset function (bit 2) works all the time as long as drive is operated under Modbus control mode (P-12=3 or 4).

9.2.2 Speed Reference Format

Speed reference value is transferred with one decimal place (200 = 20.0Hz). The maximum speed reference value is limited by P-01. Either register 2 or register 5 can be used for speed reference control, however only one reference should be used in any control system, otherwise unexpected behaviour can result.

9.2.3 Acceleration / Deceleration Ramp Time

Active only when P-12 = 4, this register specifies the drive acceleration and deceleration ramp time. The same value is applied simultaneously to the acceleration and deceleration ramp times. The value has two decimal places, e.g. 500 = 5.00 seconds.

9.2.4 Drive status and error code Word

High byte gives drive error code. (Valid when the drive is tripped, see 11.1. Fault Code Messages for further details) Low byte gives drive status information as follows:

Bit 0: O = Drive Stopped, 1 = Drive Running

Bit 1: 0 = OK, 1 = Drive Tripped

Bit 5: 0 = OK, 1 = In Standby Mode

Bit 6: O = Not Ready, 1 = Drive Ready to Run (not tripped, hardware enabled and no mains loss condition)

10. Technical Data

10.1. Environmental

-20 ... 40°C (frost and condensation free) Operational ambient temperature range

-40 ... 60°C Storage ambient temperature range

Maximum altitude 2000m. Derate above 1000m: 2.5% / 100m

Maximum humidity 95%, non-condensing

Environmental Conditions IP66 Optidrive E3 products are designed to operate in 3S3/3C3 environments

in accordance with IEC 60721-3-3.

10.2. Rating Tables

Frame Size	kW	НР	Input Current	Fuse / MC	B (Type B)		ım Cable ze	Output Current	Recommended Brake Resistance
				Non UL	UL	mm	AWG	A	Ω
110 - 115 (+	/ - 10%) V 1 Ph	ase Input, 2	30V 3 Phase	Output (Vo	ltage Doul	oler)		
1	0.37	0.5	7.8	10	10	8	8	2.3	-
1	0.75	1	15.8	25	20	8	8	4.3	-
2	1.1	1.5	21.9	32	30	8	8	5.8	100
200 - 240	(+ / - 10%	%) V 1 P	hase Input,	3 Phase Out	put				
1	0.37	0.5	3.7	10	6	8	8	2.3	-
1	0.75	1	7.5	10	10	8	8	4.3	-
1	1.5	2	12.9	16	17.5	8	8	7	-
2	1.5	2	12.9	16	17.5	8	8	7	100
2	2.2	3	19.2	25	25	8	8	10.5	50
3	4	5	29.2	40	40	8	8	15.3	25
200 - 240	(+ / - 10%	%) V 3 P	hase Input,	3 Phase Out	put				
1	0.37	0.5	3.4	6	6	8	8	2.3	-
1	0.75	1	5.6	10	10	8	8	4.3	-
1	1.5	2	9.5	16	15	8	8	7	-
2	1.5	2	8.9	16	15	8	8	7	100
2	2.2	3	12.1	16	17.5	8	8	10.5	50
3	4	5	20.9	32	30	8	8	18	25
3	5.5	7.5	26.4	40	35	8	8	24	20
4	7.5	10	33.3	40	45	16	5	30	15
4	11	15	50.1	63	<i>7</i> 0	16	5	46	10
380 - 480	(+ / - 10%	%)V 3 Pł	nase Input, 3	Phase Outp	out				
1	0.75	1	3.5	6	6	8	8	2.2	-
1	1.5	2	5.6	10	10	8	8	4.1	-
2	1.5	2	5.6	10	10	8	8	4.1	250
2	2.2	3	7.5	16	10	8	8	5.8	200
2	4	5	11.5	16	15	8	8	9.5	120
3	5.5	7.5	17.2	25	25	8	8	14	100
3	7.5	10	21.2	32	30	8	8	18	80
3	11	15	27.5	40	35	8	8	24	50
4	15	20	34.2	40	45	16	5	30	30
4	18.5	25	44.1	50	60	16	5	39	22
4	22	30	51.9	63	<i>7</i> 0	16	5	46	22

NOTE Cable sizes shown are the maximum possible that may be connected to the drive. Cables should be selected according to local wiring codes or regulations at the point of installation.

10.3. Single Phase Operation of Three Phase Drives

All drive models except size 4 are intended for operation from three phase mains power supply (e.g. model codes ODE-3-xxxxxx-3xxx) may be operated from a single phase supply at up to 50% of maximum rated output current capacity. In this case, the AC power supply should be connected to L1 (L) and L2 (N) power connection terminals only.

10.4. Additional Information for UL Compliance

Optidrive E3 is designed to meet the UL requirements. For an up to date list of UL compliant products, please refer to UL listing NMMS.E226333. In order to ensure full compliance, the following must be fully observed.

Input Power Supply	y Requirements			
Supply Voltage	200 – 240 RMS Volts for 230	Volt rated units, + /- 10% vari	iation allowed. 240 Volt RMS	Maximum.
	380 – 480 Volts for 400 Volt	rated units, + / - 10% variation	n allowed, Maximum 500 Volt	s RMS.
Imbalance	Maximum 3% voltage variatio	n between phase – phase vol	tages allowed.	
	All Optidrive E3 units have pho input supplies which have supp including China) Invertek Drive	oly imbalance greater than 3%	(typically the Indian sub-cont	
Frequency	50 - 60Hz + / - 5% Variation	1		
Short Circuit Capacity	Voltage Rating	Min kW (HP)	Max kW (HP)	Maximum supply short-circuit current
	115V	0.37 (0.5)	1.1 (1.5)	100kA rms (AC)
	230V	0.37 (0.5)	11 (15)	100kA rms (AC)
	400 / 460V	0.75 (1)	22 (30)	100kA rms (AC)
	All the drives in the above tabl maximum short-circuit Ampere			

Mechanical Installation Requirements

All Optidrive E3 units are intended for installation within controlled environments which meet the condition limits shown in section 10.1. Environmental.

The drive can be operated within an ambient temperature range as stated in section 10.1. Environmental.

Electrical Installation Requirements

Incoming power supply connection must be according to section 4.4. Incoming Power Connection.

Suitable Power and motor cables should be selected according to the data shown in section 10.2. Rating Tables and the National Electrical Code or other applicable local codes.

Motor Cable 75°C Copper must be used.

Power cable connections and tightening torques are shown in section 3.3. Mechanical Dimensions – IP66 (Nema 4X) Enclosed Units.

Integral Solid Sate short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the national electrical code and any additional local codes. Ratings are shown in section 10.2. Rating Tables.

Transient surge suppression must be installed on the line side of this equipment and shall be rated 480Volt (phase to ground), 480 Volt (phase to phase), suitable for over voltage category iii and shall provide protection for a rated impulse withstand voltage peak of 4kV.

UL Listed ring terminals / lugs must be used for all bus bar and grounding connections.

General Requirements

Optidrive E3 provides motor overload protection in accordance with the National Electrical Code (US).

- Where a motor thermistor is not fitted, or not utilised, Thermal Overload Memory Retention must be enabled by setting P-50 = 1.
- Where a motor thermistor is fitted and connected to the drive, connection must be carried out according to the information shown in section 4.11.2. Motor Thermistor Connection.

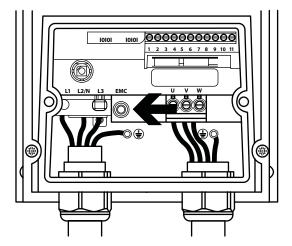
10.5. EMC Filter Disconnect

Drives with an EMC filter have an inherently higher leakage current to Ground (Earth). For applications where tripping occurs the EMC filter can be disconnected (on IP20 units only) by completely removing the EMC screw on the side of the product.

Remove the screw as indicated right.

The Optidrive product range has input supply voltage surge suppression components fitted to protect the drive from line voltage transients, typically originating from lightning strikes or switching of high power equipment on the same supply.

No flash test should be performed on the drive.



11. Troubleshooting

11.1. Fault Code Messages

Fault Code	No.	Description	Suggested Remedy
no-FLE	00	No Fault	Not required.
О! - Ь	01	Brake channel over current	Check external brake resistor condition and connection wiring.
OL-br	02	Brake resistor overload	The drive has tripped to prevent damage to the brake resistor.
0-1	03	Output Over Current	Instantaneous Over current on the drive output. Excess load or shock load on the motor. NOTE Following a trip, the drive cannot be immediately reset. A delay time is inbuilt, which allows the power components of the drive time to recover to avoid damage.
I_E-ErP	04	Motor Thermal Overload (12t)	The drive has tripped after delivering > 100% of value in P-08 for a period of time to prevent damage to the motor.
0-uort	06	Over voltage on DC bus	Check the supply voltage is within the allowed tolerance for the drive. If the fault occurs on deceleration or stopping, increase the deceleration time in P-04 or install a suitable brake resistor and activate the dynamic braking function with P-34.
U-uort	07	Under voltage on DC bus	The incoming supply voltage is too low. This trip occurs routinely when power is removed from the drive. If it occurs during running, check the incoming power supply voltage and all components in the power feed line to the drive.
0-E	08	Heatsink over temperature	The drive is too hot. Check the ambient temperature around the drive is within the drive specification. Ensure sufficient cooling air is free to circulate around the drive.
U-F	09	Under temperature	The drive temperature is below the minimum limit and must be increased to operate the drive.
P-dEF	10	Factory Default parameters loaded	
E-Er iP	11	External trip	E-trip requested on digital input 3. Normally closed contact has opened. If motor thermistor is connected check if the motor is too hot.
50-065	12	Optibus comms loss	Check communication link between drive and external devices. Make sure each drive in the network has its unique address.
FLE-dc	13	DC bus ripple too high	Check incoming supply phases are all present and balanced.
P-L055	14	Input phase loss trip	Check incoming power supply phases are present and balanced.
h O-1	15	Output Over Current	Check for short circuits on the motor and connection cable. NOTE Following a trip, the drive cannot be immediately reset. A delay time is inbuilt, which allows the power components of the drive time to recover to avoid damage.
th-FLt	16	Faulty thermistor on heatsink	
dALA-F	17	Internal memory fault (IO)	Press the stop key. If the fault persists, consult you supplier.
4-20 F	18	4-20mA Signal Lost	Check the analog input connection(s).
dALA-E	19	Internal memory fault (DSP)	Press the stop key. If the fault persists, consult you supplier.
F-Ptc	21	Motor PTC thermistor trip	Connected motor thermistor over temperature, check wiring connections and motor.
FAn-F	22	Cooling Fan Fault (IP66 only)	Check / replace the cooling fan.
O-hERL	23	Drive internal temperature too high	Drive ambient temperature too high, check adequate cooling air is provided.
OUL-F	26	Output Fault	Indicates a fault on the output of the drive, such as one phase missing, motor phase currents not balanced. Check the motor and connections.
ALF-02	41	Autotune Fault	The motor parameters measured through the autotune are not correct. Check the motor cable and connections for continuity. Check all three phases of the motor are present and balanced.
5C-F0 I	50	Modbus comms loss fault	Check the incoming Modbus RTU connection cable. Check that at least one register is being polled cyclically within the timeout limit set in P-36 Index 3.
5C-F02	51	CAN comms loss trip	Check the incoming CAN connection cable. Check that cyclic communications take place within the timeout limit set in P-36 Index 3.

NOTE Following an over current or overload trip (3, 4, 5, 15), the drive may not be reset until the reset time delay has elapsed to prevent damage to the drive.

11.2 Resetting a Fault

When the drive trips, and a fault message is displayed, it can be reset in one of the following ways:

- Completely remove the incoming power supply, and allow the power to power off completely. Re-apply the power.
- Remove and reapply the enable input.
- Press the stop / Reset button.
- If Modbus or CAN are in use, set the reset bit in the control word from 0 to 1.

In the event of O-I, hO-I or I.t-trp faults, in order to prevent damage that may occur through repeatedly enabling the drive into a fault condition, these trips cannot be reset immediately. A delay time according to the following table must be allowed before reset is possible.

First Trip	2 seconds delay before reset is possible
Second Trip	4 seconds delay before reset is possible
Third Trip	8 seconds delay before reset is possible
Fourth Trip	16 seconds delay before reset is possible
Fifth Trip	32 seconds delay before reset is possible
Subsequent Trips	64 seconds delay before reset is possible

12. Optidrive E3 Watts Loss According to IEC61800-9-2

12.1. IP66 Outdoor Rated Units

Optidrive E3 IP66 Outdoor, 1Ph. Input, 3Ph. Output, 110-115V, Without EMC Filter	Optidrive E3 IP66 Outdoor, 1Ph. Input, 3Ph	ive E3 IP66 Outdoor, 1Ph. Input, 3Ph	56 Outdoor, 1Ph. Input, 3Ph	or, 1Ph. Input, 3Ph	ut, 3Ph	•	Outpu	1, 110-11	5V, Wit	hout EA	AC Filter					12.1.
					Rated		Ò	0% Speed	7.	20	50% Speed	ņ	90% Speed	peed		IF
	Frame	Rated	Rated	Kated Output	Apparent	=		Load			Load		Load	p n	Standby Losses	00
	Size	rower (kW)	Hower (HP)	Current (Amps)	Power	Class	25%	20%	%001	25%	20%	100%	20%	100 %		OUI
				(2)	(kvA)			Losses %			Losses %		Losses %	% se	Watts	ao
ODE-3-110023-101#	1	0.37	0.5	2.3	0.46	IE2	26.7%	32.5%	16.5%	16.4%	13.1%	7.4%	10.2%	5.3%	4.0	or K
ODE-3-110043-101#	-	0.75	-	4.3	0.86	IE2	14.4%	14.0%	14.6%	2.6%	2.7%	5.8%	4.5%	4.8%	0.4	ате
ODE-3-210058-104#	2	[]	1.5	5.8	1.16	IE2	20.9%	16.2%	13.1%	10.1%	7.5%	6.1%	5.8%	5.4%	0.6	a U
	Ō	ptidrive	Optidrive E3 IP66 Outd	utdoor, 1	oor, 1Ph. Input, 3Ph. Output, 200-240V, With/Without EMC Filter	3Ph. Ou	tput, 20	00-240V	/, With/	Withou	I EMC F	ilter				11113
					Rated		0	0% Speed	70	50	50% Speed	ק	90% Speed	peed)
	Frame		Rated	Rated Output	Apparent	=		Load			Load		Load	pa	Standby Losses	
Fart Number	Size	rower (kW)	Power (HP)	Current (Amps)	Power	Class	25%	20%	%001	25%	20%	%001	20%	%001		
					(kVA)			% sesso 7			Losses %		% sesso7	% se	Watts	
ODE-3-120023-1F1#	_	0.37	0.5	2.3	0.92	IE2	18.9%	17.3%	16.8%	5.3%	2.0%	4.7%	3.6%	3.2%	4.0	
ODE-3-120043-1F1#	-	0.75	-	4.3	1.71	IE2	17.9%	17.6%	15.3%	4.8%	4.9%	4.8%	3.3%	3.3%	0.4	
ODE-3-120070-1F1#	_	1.5	2		2.79	IE2	17.4%	17.8%	16.6%	7.3%	6.1%	2.9%	4.2%	4.1%	4.0	
ODE-3-220070-1F4#	2	1.5	2	7	2.79	IE2	11.8%	%6.6	8.6%	8.0%	6.4%	5.7%	4.8%	4.4%	7.0	
ODE-3-220105-1F4#	2	2.2	m	10.5	4.18	IE2	14.4%	14.0%	13.9%	5.8%	5.2%	5.2%	4.0%	3.4%	7.0	
ODE-3-320153-1F4#	က	4	5	15.3	6.10	IE2	15.0%	13.8%	13.0%	5.8%	5.1%	5.2%	4.0%	4.1%	0.9	

NOTE # can be replaced by A or B. F could be replaced by 0.

	0	Optidrive E3 IP66 Out	3 IP66 O	utdoor, 3	rdoor, 3Ph. Input, 3Ph. Output, 200-240V, With/Without EMC Filter	3Ph. Ou	tput, 20	0-240V	, With/	Withou	+ EMC F	ilter			
					Rated		60	0% Speed		50	50% Speed	ס	90% Speed	peed	
	Frame		Rated	Rated Output	Apparent	=		Load			Load		Load	pa	Standby Losses
Fart Number	Size	rower (kW)	Power (HP)	Current	Power	Class	25%	20%	100%	25%	20%	%001	20%	%001	
				(ed)	(kVA)		1	Losses %			Losses %		Losses %	% sa	Watts
ODE-3-120023-3F1#	1	0.37	0.5	2.3	0.92	IE2	20.6%	20.1%	17.1%	13.9%	10.8%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	4.0
ODE-3-120043-3F1#	_	0.75	-	4.3	1.71	IE2	14.3%	14.3%	14.2%	5.1%	5.1%	4.9%	3.6%	3.5%	4.0
ODE-3-120070-3F1#	_	1.5	2		2.79	IE2	10.5%	9.4%	%8.8	7.3%	5.8%	5.2%	4.1%	3.7%	0.4
ODE-3-220070-3F4#	2	1.5	2	7	2.79	IE2	10.9%	9.4%	8.0%	7.3%	%0.9	2.0%	4.2%	3.6%	7.0
ODE-3-220105-3F4#	2	2.2	က	10.5	4.18	IE2	14.4%	13.9%	14.0%	5.4%	4.8%	4.6%	3.4%	3.3%	7.0
ODE-3-320180-3F4#	က	4	5	0.81	717	IE2	16.0%	13.5%	11.9%	6.4%	4.9%	4.4%	3.5%	3.1%	13.0
ODE-3-320240-3F4#	က	5.5	7.5	24	9.56	IE2	15.5%	15.6%	16.4%	4.6%	4.7%	5.2%	3.0%	3.5%	10.0
ODE-3-420300-3F4#	4	7.5	10	30	11.95	IE2	16.7%	15.5%	16.8%	4.4%	4.2%	4.1%	2.4%	2.5%	7.2
ODE-3-420460-3F4#	4	Ξ	15	46	18.33	IE2	15.1%	14.9%	15.2%	4.1%	4.1%	4.5%	2.4%	2.8%	7.2

NOTE # can be replaced by A or B. F could be replaced by 0.

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	0	Optidrive E3 IP66 Outc	3 IP66 O	utdoor, 3	loor, 3Ph. Input, 3Ph. Output, 380-480V, With/Without EMC Filter	3Ph. Ou	tput, 38	0-480V	, With/	Withou	t EMC F	ilter			
					Rated		60	0% Speed		50	50% Speed	Ъ	90% Speed	peed	
	Frame	Rated		Rated Output	Apparent	=		Load			Load		Load	þr	Standby Losses
Fart Number	Size	rower (kW)	Power (HP)	Current (Amps)	Power	Class	25%	20%	1000	25%	20%	100%	20%	100%	
				(sdille)	(kVA)		ľ	Losses %		ľ	Losses %		Losses %	% se	Watts
ODE-3-140012-3F1#	1	0.37	0.5	1.2	0.83	IE2	18.3%	18.0%	16.5%	14.8%	%6:01	7.3%	%9.7	4.9%	0.9
ODE-3-140022-3F1#	-	0.75	-	2.2	1.52	IE2	17.0%	17.7%	12.5%	16.0%	10.8%	7.2%	%9:/	4.8%	0.9
ODE-3-140041-3F1#	-	1.5	2	4.1	2.84	IE2	16.4%	12.3%	9.2%	10.7%	6.5%	2.6%	4.9%	3.7%	0.9
ODE-3-240041-3F4#	2	1.5	2	4.1	2.84	IE2	16.6%	14.9%	14.1%	5.8%	4.7%	4.1%	3.2%	2.8%	7.3
ODE-3-240058-3F4#	2	2.2	က	5.8	4.02	IE2	14.4%	13.1%	11.8%	5.3%	4.2%	3.8%	2.8%	2.5%	7.3
ODE-3-240095-3F4#	2	4	5	9.5	6.58	IE2	17.4%	15.5%	14.1%	5.9%	5.2%	4.9%	3.3%	2.8%	7.3
ODE-3-340140-3F4#	m	5.5	7.5	7	9.70	IE2	14.2%	13.0%	12.1%	4.4%	4.0%	3.8%	2.7%	2.7%	6.7
ODE-3-340180-3F4#	m	7.5	10	18	12.47	IE2	14.4%	12.9%	12.3%	4.5%	3.8%	3.8%	2.6%	2.6%	6.7
ODE-3-340240-3F4#	က	Ξ	15	24	16.63	IE2	21.7%	14.5%	12.6%	%6:2	4.2%	3.8%	2.7%	2.5%	6.7
ODE-3-440300-3F4#	4	15	20	30	20.78	IE2	18.6%	13.5%	11.6%	6.3%	3.8%	3.2%	2.1%	1.7%	10.0
ODE-3-440390-3F4#	4	18.5	25	39	27.02	IE2	14.7%	12.0%	11.4%	3.9%	3.3%	3.1%	1.8%	1.7%	10.0
ODE-3-440460-3F4#	4	22	30	46	31.87	IE2	13.0%	12.3%	11.8%	3.1%	3.2%	3.3%	1.6%	1.7%	10.0

NOTE # can be replaced by A or B. F could be replaced by 0.

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12.2. IP66 Indoor Rated Units

		Optidr	Optidrive E3 IP66		Indoor, 1Ph. Input, 3Ph. Output, 110-115V, Without EMC Filter	t, 3Ph. (Output,	110-115	v, with	out EM	C Filter				
					Rated		0	0% Speed	_	50	50% Speed	٥	90% Speed	peed	
	Frame	Rated	Rated	Rated Output	Apparent	=		Load			Load		Load	þr	Standby Losses
Fart Number	Size	Power (kW)	Power (HP)	Current (Amps)	Power	Class	25%	20%	%001	25%	20%	%001	20%	%001	
				/edime/	(kvA)		ľ	Losses %		ľ	Losses %		Losses %	% se	Watts
ODE-3-110023-101#	1	0.37	0.5	2.3	0.46	IE2	26.7%	32.5%	16.5%	15.4%	13.1%	7.4%	10.2%	5.3%	3.8
ODE-3-110043-101#	_	0.75	-	4.3	0.86	IE2	14.3%	14.0%	14.6%	2.6%	5.7%	5.8%	4.5%	4.6%	3.8
ODE-3-210058-104#	2	==	1.5	5.8	1.16	IE2	29.3%	26.3%	21.2%	16.5%	15.2%	12.1%	8.8%	5.5%	4.5
	0	Optidrive E3 IP66 Ind	E3 IP66 I	ndoor, 1F	oor, 1Ph. Input, 3Ph. Output, 200-240V, With/Without EMC Filter	Ph. Out	put, 20(0-240V,	With/V	Vithout	EMC Fi	ter			
					Pottod		0	0% Speed	_	50	50% Speed	Ď	90% Speed	peed	
	Frame	Rated	Rated	Rated Output	Apparent	=		Load			Load		Load	pr	Standby Losses
Part Number		Power (kW)	Power (HP)	Current (Amps)	Power	Class	25%	20%	%001	25%	20%	%001	20%	%001	
					(kVA)		-	Losses %		ĭ	Losses %		Losses %	% se	Watts
ODE-3-120023-1F1#	1	0.37	0.5	2.3	0.92	IE2	16.7%	17.6%	14.3%	4.3%	4.3%	4.0%	3.5%	3.3%	3.1
ODE-3-120043-1F1#	_	0.75	-	4.3	1.71	IE2	17.9%	17.6%	15.3%	5.0%	4.8%	4.9%	3.6%	3.9%	3.1
ODE-3-120070-1F1#	_	1.5	2	7	2.79	IE2	14.7%	13.7%	13.8%	5.8%	5.4%	5.3%	4.1%	4.3%	3.1
ODE-3-220070-1F4#	2	1.5	2	_	2.79	IE2	17.6%	15.2%	13.9%	7.1%	5.5%	5.1%	3.9%	2.8%	4.5
ODE-3-220105-1F4#	2	2.2	က	10.5	4.18	IE2	5.8%	13.3%	13.0%	5.8%	5.2%	2.8%	1.4%	4.1%	4.5
ODE-3-320153-1F4#	က	4	2	15.3	6.10	IE2	12.8%	12.1%	11.8%	4.6%	4.8%	5.2%	3.4%	4.0%	5.2

NOTE # can be replaced by X or Y. F could be replaced by O.

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	0	Optidrive E3 IP66 Inc	E3 IP66	Indoor, 3	door, 3Ph. Input, 3Ph. Output, 200-240V, With/Without EMC Filter	Ph. Out	put, 20	D-240V,	. With/	Vithout	EMC Fi	lter			
					Rated		0	0% Speed	7	20	50% Speed	٥	5 %06	90% Speed	
	Frame	Rated	Rated	Rated Output	Apparent	ш		Load			Load		Lo	Load	Standby Losses
	Size	kw)		Current (Amps)	Power	Class	25%	20%	100%	25%	20%	%001	%05	20% 100%	
				/2.d	(kVA)		Ĭ	Losses %			Losses %		Loss	Losses %	Watts
ODE-3-120023-3F1#	1	0.37	0.5	2.3	0.92	IE2	15.8%	15.3%	13.2%	4.6%	4.6%	4.4%	2.9%	2.8%	3.1
ODE-3-120043-3F1#	-	0.75	-	4.3	1.71	IE2	13.8%	13.7%	14.0%	4.3%	4.9%	4.6%	3.0%	2.9%	3.1
ODE-3-120070-3F1#	-	1.5	2	_	2.79	IE2	12.8%	12.1%	12.3%	5.6%	4.8%	4.7%	3.3%	3.3%	3.1
ODE-3-220070-3F4#	2	1.5	2	7	2.79	IE2	15.8%	15.1%	13.8%	5.3%	4.8%	4.6%	3.3%	3.1%	4.5
ODE-3-220105-3F4#	2	2.2	က	10.5	4.18	IE2	14.1%	13.7%	13.2%	4.6%	3.9%	3.7%	3.2%	3.4%	4.5
ODE-3-320180-3F4#	က	4	5	18.0	717	IE2	16.5%	16.7%	17.6%	5.1%	5.0%	5.5%	3.4%	3.7%	5.2
	U	Optidrive E3 IP66 In	E3 IP66 I	door,	3Ph. Input, 3Ph. Output, 380-480V, With/Without EMC Filter	Ph. Out	put, 38(0-480V,	. With/	Withou	· EMC Fi	lter			
					Potod		0	0% Speed	-	50	50% Speed	Ď	5 %06	90% Speed	
	Frame	Rated	Rated	Rated Output	Apparent	ш		Load			Load		Lo	Load	Standby Losses
Part Number	Size	Power (kW)	Power (HP)	Current (Amps)	Output Power	Class	25%	20%	%001	25%	20%	100%	%09	%001	
				(adimy)	(kVA)		Ĭ	Losses %			Losses %		Loss	Losses %	Watts
ODE-3-140012-3F1#	_	0.37	0.5	1.2	0.83	IE2	11.7%	11.5%	10.7%	4.8%	5.1%	4.4%	3.3%	2.8%	4.6
ODE-3-140022-3F1#	_	0.75	-	2.2	1.52	IE2	11.7%	11.5%	10.7%	4.8%	5.1%	4.4%	3.3%	2.8%	4.6
ODE-3-140041-3F1#	_	1.5	2	4.1	2.84	IE2	11.4%	11.0%	10.1%	4.7%	3.8%	3.5%	2.8%	2.3%	4.6
ODE-3-240041-3F4#	2	1.5	2	4.1	2.84	IE2	16.0%	13.7%	12.6%	8.5%	4.9%	3.8%	3.1%	2.7%	6.4
ODE-3-240058-3F4#	2	2.2	8	5.8	4.02	IE2	12.3%	12.0%	11.0%	3.5%	4.0%	3.7%	2.7%	2.6%	6.4
ODE-3-240095-3F4#	2	4	5	9.5	6.58	IE2	14.4%	12.7%	11.4%	5.2%	4.4%	4.2%	2.9%	3.0%	6.4
ODE-3-340140-3F4#	က	5.5	7.5	71	9.70	IE2	12.3%	12.4%	12.0%	3.4%	3.4%	3.6%	2.0%	2.2%	6.4
ODE-3-340180-3F4#	m	7.5	0	18	12.47	IE2	12.3%	12.4%	12.0%	3.4%	3.4%	3.6%	2.0%	2.2%	6.4

 $\textbf{NOTE} \ \# \ \mathsf{can} \ \mathsf{be} \ \mathsf{replaced} \ \mathsf{by} \ \mathsf{X} \ \mathsf{or} \ \mathsf{Y}. \ \mathsf{F} \ \mathsf{could} \ \mathsf{be} \ \mathsf{replaced} \ \mathsf{by} \ \mathsf{O}.$